August 30, 1770. NUMB. 2175.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

On Saturday last the Brig James, Captain M'CULLOUGH, arrived here from Liverpool, but last from Cork, by whom we have the following Advices, viz.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 20.

THE 14th Instant, at 11 at Night, another dreadful Fire broke out in the Suburbs of Saly Bazar and Eneduckli, which, notwithstanding every proper Measure was taken to extinguish it, burnt with such Fury, and continued so long, that it reduced to Ashes above 3000 Houses. These Suburbs being situated on the Borders of the Sea, the Flames reached the Passage-boats which were ranged along the Shore, and consumed upwards of 400, with all the Effects on board them. This Disaster would have been still more fatal if a Land-wind had arisen, for in that Case the Flames would certainly have been communicated to the Fleet, just gone out of the Port, and at Anchor at Peschiktasch, from whence it is to set sail to protect the White Sea. The Grand Signor, who is still at Constantinople, though the foreign Papers have reported that he was retired to Adrianople, not being able to approach the Quarter where the Flames raged, without imminent Danger to his Person, went to Galata Seray, a spacious Building, which is an Academy for the Education of his Pages and Chamberlains, at Pera, from whence he gave his Orders.

The Captain Pacha, or High Admiral, was deposed the 4th Instant, and his own Lieutenant was raised to that Dignity, and also created a Pacha of Three Tails. It is said he owed his Disgrace to neglecting the Marine; yet, notwithstanding this Accusation, the Ottoman Navy consists at present of 70 Ships of the Line and Frigates.

Warsaw, May 19. A Russian Courier has lately been intercepted within 3 Miles of this City. They and their Partizans pretend that he had brought a Confirmation of the Advantage said to be gained on the 5th inst. over a body of 20,000 Turks, near Brahilow. They also continue to assure us, that their grand Army has passed the Neister, and that it has entered Moldavia, and that General Count Romanzow is daily expected at Choczim.

May 26. Prince William of Brunswick, and the other Prussian Officers, after having taken Leave of the King, set out for the grand Russian Army.

The Van of the Russian Army, under General Panin, has invested Bender, which will soon be besieged in Form.

Verona, May 26. By Letters from Otranto, of the 17th inst. we learn, that the Turks, having heard that some Russian Vessels, under Command of Count Alexes Orlow, were to arrive at Patras, and that many Ships of the same Nation had approached the Coasts of Albania, had left Patras, and gone to Lepante, in Albania. These Letters add, that the Massacre at Patras lasted 20 Hours, and that all the Inhabitants were killed, except three Men, 160 Women, and Children; notwithstanding this Repulse, the Russians pushed the Siege of Coron vigorously. Prince Dolgorucki has made himself Master of Navarigo, and Count Theodore Orlow has taken his Post at the same Distance from that Town, with a considerable Body of Men, whilst General Low marched to Corinth. The Garrison of Modon will soon surrender, for they begin to want Provisions. The Russian Fleet is computed to consist of 15 or 16 Ships, which are in different Parts of the Morea, besides several Ships that Admiral Spiritoff bought in his Way, and fitted out with Arms, &c.

Dantzick, May 23. Some Letters confirm a Report lately propagated, that the Confederates, under the Command of the Sieur Pulawski, had defeated a Body of Russians in the Neighbourhood of Premislie. In this Rencounter, the Russians are said to have 300 Men killed, and as many wounded, whom they had conveyed to Jaroslaw. The Confederates sung Te Deum in the Field of Battle, and the Booty they took is said to be considerable.

Vienna, May 26. Letters are received here from Constantinople, by which we learn, that the Russians evacuated Bucharest the 29th of March last; that they carried their whole Park of Artillery along with them, and left their Sick, amounting to 600, behind them. It is added, that they took the Road to Moldavia, and it is thought their Design is to abandon Wallachia. According to these Letters, the Porte has appointed the Serdar Manolaki Vaivode of that City, and has granted the Inhabitants of the Country an Exemption from Taxes for five Years. These Franchises, and these Encouragements, have brought the People together, from all Quarters, and have prevailed upon those who had abandoned their Farms, to return to cultivate their Lands. It is computed, that the Number who have returned amount to 20,000 Families.

Paris, May 25. The following is the Copy of a Letter which the Empress Queen hath written to the Dauphin:

"Your Consort, my dear Dauphin, has just taken her Leave of me. As she was my Delight, I hope she will be your Happiness. I have trained her up, in full Confidence that she would one Day share in your Fortune. I have inspired her with Love to your Person, and Duty to your Will; with Tenderness to soften your Cares, and with the Desire of seeking every Occasion of pleasing you. I have earnestly recommended to her most serious Thoughts a fervent Devotion to the King of Kings, under a firm Persuasion, that those who neglect their Duty towards him, in whose Hands are the Sceptres of Kings, can never promote the true Interest of the People over whom they are allotted to govern. Be mindful, I say, my dear Dauphin, of your Duty to God; and I repeat the same to the Princess my Daughter. Be mindful of the Good of the People, over whom, whenever it happens, you will govern too soon. Reverence the King your Grandfather; be good as he is good; and render yourselves accessible to those who labour under Misfortunes. It is impossible, in carrying yourselves in this Manner, but that you must share in the general Happiness. My Daughter will love you, I am sure she will, because I know the inward Sentiments of her Heart; but the more I make myself answerable for her Love and her Endearment, the greater Reason I have to expect, that you will preserve for her an inviolable Affection. Farewel, my dear Dauphin; be happy. My Eyes overflow with Tears."

Hague, June 8. They write from Ratisbon, that the Protestants at the general Diet of the Empire, sitting in that City, are divided into two Parties, one of which, composed of the States that profess the Lutheran Religion, continue to apply in all their Affairs to the ancient Directory of the Electoral House of Saxony; and the other Party, consisting of the Reformed States, will, for the future, apply to the House of Brandenbourg. The Occasion of this Division is not known; but it is probable that the Reformed Party may think the King of Prussia, as Elector of Brandenbourg, more likely, as well as more able, to remedy their Grievances, and give Weight to their Affairs, than the Elector of Saxony, who is well known to be of the Catholic Religion.

Paris, June 13. His most Christian Majesty has ordered One Hundred Thousand Livres to be expended towards the Relief of the unfortunate Persons, who were hurt, or have lost their Relations, in the Confusion on the Night of the City Fire-works. The Dauphiness and the Mesdames have also contributed.

The Number of Dead, on that Occasion, is said to be in all 712; among which were four Monks, two Abbes, and twenty-two Persons of Condition. It does not appear, that there are any English among the Number.

Constantinople, May 2. Four of our Ships of the Line, destined to cruize off the Dardanelles, to prevent the Russians from entering that Channel, are detained here by contrary Winds. It is pretended, that the Admiral, or Pacha of this Fleet, will have Orders to seek every Occasion to give Battle to the Enemy.

The Master of a Ragusan Vessel, just arrived from the Coast of the Morea, reports, that having cast Anchor some Days off Coron, he observed, that seven Russian Men of War, who had put ashore some of their People, were besieging that Fortress in a very singular Manner, and that they threw only one Bomb a Day. The same Master adds, that he saw one Russian Man of War, and a Frigate, ashore on the Coast of that Peninsula.

Letters from Smyrna, of the 24th of April, take Notice, that the greatest Precautions are taken by the Porte for the Security of the Isles of Scio and Metelin, in the Archipelago, and that two Officers had been sent, with a thousand Men each, for the Defence of those Isles.

The Grand Signor has ordered 100 Purses, containing 50,000 Dollars, to be distributed among the Confederates at Varna, to enable them to furnish themselves anew with Horses and Equipages.

From the Confines of Turkey, May 11. It is confidently said, that Moldavangi Pacha, who commanded the Ottoman Army, in Quality of Vizir, during the late Campaign, is recalled from his Exile, and is to serve under the present Vizir, but under this Restriction, that he shall not undertake any Enterprize without the Knowledge of the Vizir.

Warsaw, June 4. The Escorte that accompanied Prince William of Brunswick, was briskly attacked, about nine Miles from this City, by a Party of the Confederates, which, however, was defeated with Loss. He arrived at Lublin on the 3d, and continued his Route, with some other Prussian Officers, for the Army of General Romanzow.

Trieste, May 30. By Letters from Navarin, in the Morea, of the 4th Instant, we learn, that the Ottomans have actually set Fire to the Magazines of Oil in Coron, and reduced the whole City to Ashes. The Inhabitants, who escaped, took Refuge in Navarin, which Count d'Orlow has made a Place of Arms.

Leghorn, May 30. Letters from Toulon advise, that the Court of France is fitting out a Squadron there, consisting of two Men of War of the Line; viz. la Provence of 64 Guns, and the Sagittaire of 50, and of la Mignone, and la Tampone, Frigates of 26 Guns each. This Armament, it is said, is to be sent to chastise the Regency of Tunis, for insulting the French Flag last Year with their Corsairs, and not making a proper Satisfaction for their Behaviour.

Hamburgh, June 15. A Letter from Warsaw of good Authority mentions, that the Russian Generals Stoffeln and Repnin have beaten and routed a strong Body of Turks and Tartars.

Brussels, June 24. The Princess Dowager of Wales, accompanied by the Duke of Gloucester, arrived here Incognito the Day before Yesterday, and their Royal Highnesses continued their Route to Hanover.

Valenciennes, June 8. A Camp is forming in this Neighbourhood, consisting of Twenty-two Squadrons of Cavalry and Dragoons. The Object of this Encampment is not certainly known; it is given out, that the Emperor is expected in France, and that it is for his Amusement; but our Politicians are of Opinion, that our Preparations at Land and Sea announce an approaching Rupture between the Crowns of Spain and England, in which our Court will be required to take a Part, in Virtue of the Family Compact.

LONDON.

June 12. The Paris Gazette is full of the Rejoicings at Paris on the 31st, and of the Disaster that followed, of which the following are the chief Particulars:

"The dreadful Accident that happened in this City on the 31st of May, was owing to two Causes, which, if our Magistrates had taken the necessary Care to guard against, would have been prevented. In the first Place, there was no Scaffold erected for the Convenience of the Spectators; and in the next, the Communications between the Place de Louis and the Boulevards, which consist of three Streets, were in a Manner blocked up; that on the Left Hand, the Rue la Bonne Morue, being narrow, was rendered impassible by the Coaches; that on the Right, called Rue St. Florentin, in which the Count St. Florentin, Secretary of State, has his Residence, and in whose Department the Care of this Metropolis is, and by whose Order the Fireworks were exhibited, for the Conveniency of himself and Friends, his Excellency would not permit the Populace to pass, and this being the principal Thoroughfare from the Place de Louis, where the Fireworks were exhibited, to the Boulevards, there was only the middle Street free for the Foot Passengers, and all the Crowd pressing at once after the Fireworks were over, to see the Booths illuminated, in crossing the Rue St. Honore the melancholy Catastrophe began. In general they compute that 500 are killed, drowned in the Seine, or wounded. The Pickpockets and Robbers availed themselves of the Confusion; and many Ladies had their Ear-rings torn out of their Ears,

"The Dauphin no sooner heard of this melancholy Affair, than he sent Count St. Florentin, with his monthly Allowance, 6000 Livres, which he had just received, and ordered him to distribute it among the wounded Poor that had been carried to the Hospitals, for the Relief of them and their Families.

"The Parliament of Paris have issued their Orders for the Lieutenant de Police, and the Prevot des Marchands to appear before them, and give an Account of their Conduct in regard to their Neglect, which appeared to have been the Cause of this Mischief."

Another Letter takes Notice, that the late Accident has so much affected the Dauphiness, that the Court began to be very apprehensive for her Life, notwithstanding the repeated Endeavours of the King, the Dauphin, the Archbishop of Paris, the Mesdames, and other Princes of the Blood, to bring her to herself.

There is a Report that we shall again see at the Head of the Admiralty, a Person, whose Mind is as fond of Projects, as his Head is capable of forming Plans for the Execution of them; and in this Case, it is said, there will be another Expedition to the Southern unknown Parts of the World.

Last Night a Cabinet Council was held at Lord North's House in Downing-street, Westminster, at which both Secretaries of State, and several Privy Counsellors assisted.

Lord Chatham has, within these few Days, had a very pressing Invitation sent him by a very great Personage; by which it is imagined some extraordinary Measures are in Agitation.

Private Letters from Constantinople mention, that the Divan had received authentic Advice, that the Treaty, negotiating between the Courts of St. Petersburgh, and Ispahan, is finally concluded, in Consequence of which, War it is said, has been publicly declared by the latter against the Turks.

Private Letters from Petersburgh mention, that the Empress is building a very fine Dock, and Arsenal, at Archangel, which will, in a few Years, put her Subjects on a very respectable Footing by Sea.

Letters in Town from Lisbon, mention, that the warlike Preparations of the Spaniards strike a general Alarm throughout Portugal, and that the Ministry there were taking all proper Precautions to secure themselves.

June 13. It is confidently asserted, that Earl Gower will shortly be appointed First Lord of the Treasury, and that several other Changes in that Board will soon take Place.

A Correspondent has remarked the different Measures pursued by the Ministers of a despotic Prince, and those of a limited Monarch, in nearly similar Circumstances. The Ministers of his Danish Majesty, upon the Refusal of one of their dependent Provinces to submit to a Tax, which the People of that Province thought unjustifiably imposed, appointed Commissaries to enquire into the Merits of the Matter in Dispute, and to examine the Grievances the People complained of, with a View to redress them, previous to their sending Troops to enforce the necessary Requisitions of Government. The English Ministry, on the contrary, send Troops first to their sturdy Colonists, and threaten to bring them under their Feet, before they will hear a Word about Complaints, or take a Step towards the Redress of Grievances. He asks, which have most to brag of, the boasted Freemen, or the acknowledged Vassals?

June 14. Yesterday Sir Edward Hawke had a long Conference with his M------y, and the Duke of Cumberland, at St. James's, in which, it is said, the Necessity of sending a Squadron to Falkland's Island was strongly enforced.

It is reported that, in the Journals of the Tamer Sloop of War, some Proceedings of the Spanish Commander are mentioned, which the M-------y have thought proper to conceal at present.

Yesterday Morning, at Nine o'Clock, came on in the Court of King's Bench, at Guildhall, before Lord Mansfield, the Trial of Henry Sampson Woodfall, the original Printer of Junius's Letter, in the Public Advertiser of the 19th of December last. Only *seven* of the special Jury which was summoned attended, viz. William Bond, Merchant, *Foreman*; Peter Cazalet, Merchant; Alexander Peter Allen, Merchant; Frederick Commerell, Merchant; Hermen Meyer, Merchant; John Thomas, Merchant; Barrington Buggin, Merchant.

Upon which the following *five* Talesmen were taken out of the common Jury, viz. William Hannard, Paul Verges, William Sibley, William Willet, William Davis.

The Attorney-General addressed the Jury with a Speech, on the Importance of Juries; but confined them to the *bare Fact* of the Defendant publishing a Paper, which he called a Libel; and then made an Apology for bringing on Mr. Almon's Trial for *selling only*, before the original Printer's; and promised to prosecute all the Printers and Publishers of this celebrated Paper. He called his Evidences, who were, Nathaniel Crowder, the pretended News-man, employed by the Ministry, who swore he bought the Paper of Mr. Woodfall's publishing Servant, whom he named. Mr. Harris, of the Stamp-office, who proved, that the Duty for the Advertisments and Stamps were paid by Mr. Woodfall. And a Clerk of Sir John Fielding's, who being called, proved, by a Receipt from Mr. Woodfall, his Concern in, and for the Paper.

The Publication and Direction of the Paper by Mr Woodfall being thus proved, Mr. Serjeant Glynn, in a very eloquent and learned Speech to the Jury, defended the Paper, as no Libel; as being very respectful to the King, personally, but arraigning the Conduct of the Ministers; and if such Discussion was not allowed in this Country, he said, there must be an End of the Liberty of the Press; adding, that there was no *Intention* in Mr. Woodfall to publish a Libel, and if the Intention was not proved, he hoped, and trusted, they would find Mr. Woodfall *not guilty*.

Mr. Lee, who was also Counsel for Mr. Woodfall, defended the Paper upon the same Principles; and likewise added a good Deal about the Intention, which not being proved, and which he thought essential to constitute the Crime, they must find him *not guilty*.

Lord Mansfield, in his Charge to the Jury, said, they had nothing to do with the *Intention*, nor with the other Words in the Information, such as *malicious, seditious*, &c. which, he affirmed, were all Words of Course; just as it is said in an Indictment for Murder, *that the Person did, &c. at the Instigation of the Devil*. Then he remarked, as upon Mr. Almon's Trial, that there were but two Propositions for the Consideration of the Jury; one was, the *Fact* of publishing the Paper; the other, whether a *proper Construction* was put, in the Information, upon the *several* Blanks in the Paper in the Information; and as to the Contents of the Paper, whether they were *true* or *false*, he said, it was wholly immaterial.

At ten Minutes before Twelve the Jury withdrew, and returned about Nine, finding Mr. Woodfall guilty of the printing and publishing only. The Court had broke up about Four o'Clock, so that the Jury, by Order of Lord Mansfield, attended his Lordship with their Verdict, at his House in Bloomsbury-square.

It has been resolved by the Privy Council, to put the British Navy on so formidable a Footing, as will intimidate our Neighbours from offering any future Insults to the British Nation.

A Correspondent acquaints us, that the Revolt of Persia, Egypt, and the Montenegrins, from the Turkish Yoke, with the Disaffection of the Greek Cities, and the Invasion of the Russians, are so many Difficulties to the Porte, that notwithstanding their late Glimpse of Success on the Morea, they are still very unsettled in their Councils, and apprehensive of the Dissolution of their Empire.

June 16. Last Night some important Dispatches, it is said, arrived in Town from A. Cambell Fraser, Esq; the British Consul at Algiers, relative to the Treatment of an English Vessel in the Mediterranean, by an Algerine Xebeque, contrary to express Treaty.

[*For new Advertisements, see the fourth Page.*]

Yesterday an Expreſs arrived in Town, from Sir James Grey, his Britannic Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Court of Madrid, which was immediately carried to the Earl of Weymouth's Office, and occaſioned the holding a Cabinet Council this Morning at the Queen's Palace.

This Week a Memorial, couched in very ſtrong Terms, was ſent off to the Honourable Mr. Murray, our Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, to be preſented by that Miniſter to the Ottoman Porte, complaining of the late Inſults committed by the Turks upon Britiſh Subjects in the Grand Signor's Dominions, and to demand Satisfaction.

It is whiſpered, that the Britiſh Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople will be recalled in a very ſhort Time.

We hear that, in Conſequence of the daily Accounts which arrive of the Obſtinacy of the Americans, it has been reſolved by a great Majority in C------l, to purſue the moſt active Meaſures againſt them, to reduce them to their former Obedience.

The Reſolutions of the Town of Abingdon in America, relative to the preſent State of Affairs, have been repreſented, we hear, by a Noble Lord to a Great Perſonage, as approaching very nearly the Verge of declared Rebellion.

It is confidently aſſerted, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has marched 20,000 more of his beſt Troops to the Aſſiſtance of the Ruſſians.

June 18. By Letters from Vienna we learn, that a Body of 500 Arnauts, from the Turkiſh Army, have lately entered the Frontiers of Hungary, on the Side of Smelin; but the Alarm being ſpread, ſome Detachments from the Troops of the Empreſs Queen came up with, and engaged them; in this Rencounter many were killed and wounded on both Sides. A Report has been ſince ſpread, that a Treaty of Accommodation between the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and the Ottoman Porte, under the Mediation of the Imperial Court of Vienna, is already far advanced.

June 19. The Earl of Chatham rides out every Day a few Miles round his Seat, at Hayes, in Kent, and enjoys as good a State of Health, as he has done for theſe ſeven Years paſt. The Right Hon. the Marquis of Rockingham, Lord Camden, and many of the Minority Lords, were viſiting Lord Chatham, without Interminſion, all laſt Week.

The Miniſtry are ſo hard put to it to get Perſons among their own avowed Partizans to fill Offices, that, it is ſaid, they now begin to make Overtures to certain Noblemen and Gentlemen of the Oppoſition.

It is clear, that the Jury on Mr. Woodfall's Trial did not believe, that the celebrated Letter of Junius to the King was a Libel, and therefore he cannot be puniſhed for printing and publiſhing that Paper.

It is certain, that ſeveral Treaties, offenſive and defenſive, between the ſeveral Powers of Europe, are now upon the Carpet, relative to the War between the Turks and Ruſſians.

Notwithſtanding the frequent Meetings of ſeveral of the M-----, in order to conſider what Methods to apply with reſpect to the Americans, we are informed that nothing yet is determined on, there being a great Difference in Opinion between two of the Principals.

This Day a Council was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall, ſaid to be on the Subject of ſome important Intelligence lately received from America.

They write from Gibraltar, that Commodore Probey had ſent a Man of War to Algiers, the Captain of which was charged with a particular Commiſſion to the Dey.

Private Letters from Paris mention, that the Neutrality of the French King entirely depends upon what Steps the Court of Berlin may take in the preſent War between the Turks and Ruſſians.

June 20. It is confidently aſſerted, that the Earl of Chatham will be appointed Premier in a few Days, and the Duke of Northumberland will go to Ireland, in the Room of Lord Townſend.

Letters from Warſaw mention, that a Plot had been diſcovered for aſſaſſinating the King of Poland; that the chief Conſpirator is in Cuſtody, and ſome Diſcoveries of Conſequence are expected from the Examination of this Criminal.

They write from Breſt, that Advice had lately been received of an epidemical Diſtemper having carried off Two Thirds of the French Garriſon at the Mauritius.

June 21. This Morning, exactly at a Quarter paſt Five, died, at his Houſe in Soho-ſquare, the Right Hon. WILLIAM BECKFORD, Eſq; the ſecond Time Lord Mayor of the City of London, Member in three Parliaments for the ſame, Alderman of Billingſgate Ward, and Colonel of the White Regiment of Militia: His Lordſhip's Illneſs is ſuppoſed to have been occaſioned by his walking in the Rain, and ſitting afterwards in his wet Clothes, which brought on a Cold, that terminated in a Fever: His Lordſhip was in great Agonies all Day Yeſterday, and the major Part of laſt Night, being afflicted with the moſt violent Hiccup and ſtrong Convulſions till within a few Minutes of his Death. His Lordſhip's noble Diſintereſtedneſs and Integrity, as a Patriot, and a Magiſtrate, will ever be remembered with the utmoſt Gratitude to the lateſt Poſterity.

In Conſequence of the above melancholy Event, Precepts were this Morning iſſued, for the Aldermen to meet Sir Robert Ladbroke, the ſenior Alderman of this City, at Guildhall, this Day, at One o'Clock, to conſider of a Succeſſor to the Chair for the Remainder of the Year.

This Morning an Expreſs was ſent to the Earl of Chatham, at Hayes, to inform him of the Death of the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor.

Another Expreſs was alſo ſent to Lord Temple, at Stow, with the above Meſſage.

We hear that the late Lord Mayor has, by his laſt Will, left the Earl of Chatham 40,000 l. in Money, and One Thouſand Pounds per Annum, Jamaica Currency.

It is ſaid that the late Lord Mayor has left very handſome Legacies to the moſt diſtant Relations that he had.

For theſe three Days paſt, it is ſaid, Couriers have been continually paſſing between Soho-ſquare and Downing-ſtreet, and from thence to Richmond, to acquaint certain great Perſons of the Progreſs of the Lord Mayor's Diſorder.

In the Courſe of the Lord Mayor's Sickneſs he told his Friends that he believed he ſhould die, and that the Fatigues of his Office had been too much for him; however, that he was ſatisfied he had done ſome Service to his Country, and regretted only to leave the Work unfiniſhed.

It was laſt Night reported, that our M-----y have received Advice, that eight Men of War, with the like Number of Frigates, and ſeveral Bomb-ketches, are now ready to ſail from Carthagena; but their Deſtination is unknown.

We are aſſured that a great Man has ſtrenuouſly urged in Council, that we ſhould immediately adopt the moſt ſpirited Meaſures againſt the Court of Portugal, for their Violation of almoſt all the Commercial Treaties between them and Great-Britain.

A certain Clergyman in the County of Middleſex hath refuſed, it is confidently ſaid, the Payment of the Land-tax, and is reſolved to ſtand Trial.

By private Letters from Gibraltar we are aſſured, that there is the greateſt Reaſon to imagine the Spaniards are meditating ſome great Stroke, as they have not only farmed the Port of Tangiers of the Moors for 50,000 Dollars, but have agreed with the Emperor of Morocco to farm Tetuan and Larach, provided no Engliſh Ships ſhall be allowed to trade to thoſe Ports.

June 22. Yeſterday, between Four and Five o' Clock in the Afternoon, Application was made to Sir Robert Ladbroke, to ſign a Certificate, to enable the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons to iſſue his Warrant, that Notice of the Death of our late worthy Lord Mayor be inſerted in next Saturday's Gazette, which he abſolutely refuſed on that Day to ſign, though he ſaid he would ſign it on the Morrow; and yet the Election for a Lord Mayor this Day, is in Conſequence of this Gentleman's ſummoning the Court of Aldermen Yeſterday-morning.

We hear Sir Robert Ladbroke, as ſenior Alderman, will hold the Court at Guildhall on Monday next, for the Election of Sheriffs for the enſuing Year.

The Conteſt for Sheriffs on Monday next, is expected to be very ſerious, as a great Number of the moſt reputable Citizens are determined to ſupport the uſual Mode of Election, and not ſuffer every Office of Honour and Truſt to be entirely at the Diſpoſal of the Gentlemen newly brought into City Dignities; and this not from any perſonal Diſreſpect to thoſe Gentlemen, or the Parties recommended by them, but to ſupport the antient Privileges of the City.

From the Year 1189 to 1740, only ſix Lord Mayors died in their Mayoralty; and from 1740 to 1770, ſix alſo.

We are aſſured, that the Court of Madrid hath ſent an Advice-boat to the Manillas, not to let any Ships ſail from thence for Europe, without a proper Convoy.

June 23. Yeſterday a Common-Hall of the Livery of London was held at Guildhall. At One o'Clock the Court of Aldermen, and the two Sheriffs, with the Recorder, Town Clerk, Common Serjeant, and other City Officers, came upon the Huſtings, when the Recorder ſtepped forward, and addreſſed the Livery, in Words to the following Purport:

Gentlemen of the Livery,

"It is the Duty of my Office to open the Buſineſs of the Day, by informing you, that you are ſummoned here to elect a chief Magiſtrate, in the Room of the Right Hon. William Beckford Eſq; deceaſed, your late worthy Mayor, by whoſe Death, your neareſt and deareſt Connections are broke through. He was a Man who repreſented you in three ſucceſſive Parliaments, with the Spirit and Principles becoming an independant Gentleman; he had twice the Honour of being elected your chief Magiſtrate, and executed that high Office with Splendor and Magnificence; he ſteadily purſued the Intereſt of this City, and ever ſtood forth the warm Advocate of your Rights and Liberties; having an immenſe Fortune, he had among his Friends Men of the higheſt Rank, and of the greateſt Abilities. In a Word, he was poſſeſſed of many great and ſhining Qualities, with ſome Failings; but he is dead, and I have forgot them.

Gentlemen of the Livery,

"You are now to chuſe, for the Remainder of the Year, a freſh Magiſtrate; make your Choice with due Deliberation; let it be unanimous, as a Houſe divided againſt itſelf cannot ſtand."

The Recorder having ended his Speech, retired, when Mr. Bellas begged Leave to read to the Livery, the Reſolution of the Court of Aſſiſtants of the Company of Grocers, cenſuring and diſclaiming the late Remonſtrance preſented by the City; which having finiſhed, he obſerved, that ſeveral Members of that Company, who were of a different Opinion, were deſirous of manifeſting their Diſguſt at the Reſolution of the Court, but were prevented; this he hoped the Livery would not forget, as when they did, they certainly would forget themſelves.-----Having concluded his Speech, the Common Serjeant read the Names of the ſeveral Aldermen, who had not paſſed the Chair, and each were ſeverally proclaimed for the Choice, or Diſapprobation of the Livery, Sir Henry Banks, who ſtood firſt on the Liſt, had ſome few Hands held up for him, accompanied with much Groaning and Hiſſing: but the Aldermen Trecothick and Croſby, who were the next read, had by far the moſt numerous Appearance in their Favour, together with inceſſant Clapping, and other Marks of Applauſe, the Remainder of the Liſt was read to the Muſic of a continued Groaning, without ſo much as one Perſon holding up his Hand in Favour of it. The Common Serjeant having gone through it, according to the uſual Form, noticed to the Livery, that his Choice had fallen on Barlow Trecothick, and Braſs Croſby, Eſquires; but a Poll being demanded for Sir Henry Banks, by ten Liverymen, who ſigned a Paper, and ſent it to the Common Serjeant for that Purpoſe; the Books were opened at Two: And

This Afternoon, at the Cloſing of the Poll, the Numbers were as follow: For Alderman Trecothick 847; Alderman Croſby 788; Alderman Banks 288.

This is one of the few Times in our Memory that the Recorder made a Speech to the univerſal Satisfaction of his Hearers; ſome few indeed hiſſed, when he mentioned the Lord Mayor deceaſed, having *ſome Failings*.

Nothing has ever reflected more Honour on the Livery of London than their ſteady and grateful Refuſal to ſuffer Sir Henry Banks to walk into the Dignity of the Mayoralty over the Grave of the late beloved Lord Mayor, for whom they rejected Sir Henry laſt Year.

It is ſaid that the late Lord Mayor died worth Half a Million of Money in the Stocks.

Early on Thurſday Morning Notice was ſent to Lord Holland of the Death of the Lord Mayor, which Event may probably quiet a certain Gentleman's Mind a few Years, and prevent another Tour to the Continent.

It is confidently aſſerted, that though Mr. Wilkes is not mentioned in the general Will of the late Lord Mayor, he is warmly and kindly remembered in ſome ſubſequent Clauſes that are annexed to it.

On Tueſday Evening laſt the Brig DOLPHIN, *Captain* STEPHENSON, *arrived here from* LONDON, *by whom we have the following Advices, viz.*

From the Confines of Turkey, May 18.

WE juſt now received Advice from Conſtantinople, that the Army of the Grand Vizir, which conſiſts of 80,000 Men, was ordered to paſs the Danube immediately; that Ibrahim Pacha, who is at Jurjova, acts ſeparately at the Head of a Corps of 27,000 Men; and that another Corps of 20,000 Men, is poſted under Vidin, in order to protect the Convoys of Proviſions. According to theſe Accounts, the Ruſſian Troops have been obliged, on Account of a Scarcity of Proviſions, and epidemical Diſtempers, to draw towards the Frontiers of Poland.

Otranto, May 30. They write from the Levant, that during the Courſe of this Month, Admiral Elphinſton's Squadron arrived at the Morea, and that 8 Alexandrian Veſſels, and 100 little Dulcignotian Corſairs, are cruizing in its Environs. They add, that a Seraſkier has entered the Morea with 30,000 Men of different Nations, and that as he advances into the Country, he kills all the Greeks, who are able to carry Arms, that their Wives and Children are generally ſold as Slaves, and that a Turkiſh Fleet is expected there.

Verona, June 1. All the Letters from the Morea agree, that nothing but Ruin, Miſery and Devaſtation is ſeen there ſince the Maſſacre of Patraſſo; the Revenge of the Greeks againſt the Turks is greatly increaſed, and the Turks deſtroy every Thing that belongs to the Greeks with Fire and Sword.

The ſame Letters add, that though the Turkiſh Army is more numerous than the laſt Campaign, and well provided with every Thing, the Divan ſeemed much inclined for Peace, but that the Grand Signor remained unchangeable in his Reſolution of trying the Event of the approaching Campaign.

Hague, June 22. The Pruſſian Commiſſaries who have been here a long Time, on Account of a Claim of the Inhabitants of the Dutchy of Cleves, ſet out ſuddenly a few Days ago, on their Return home.

LONDON.

June 23. *Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Halifax took the Oaths before the Lords Commiſſioners of the Seals, in the Court of Chancery, in order to qualify himſelf for his Place as Lord Privy Seal.*

We hear that Orders will ſoon be iſſued, for all the Colony Agents to attend Lord Hillſborough, at the Plantation-Office, on ſpecial Affairs.

June 26. On Saturday was finally determined, by the Lords Commiſſioners in Chancery, the long depending Cauſe, between the Earl of Chatham, as Repreſentative of the late Sir William Pynſent, Bart. and ------- Daw, Eſq; when the Decree obtained by his Lordſhip was reverſed in Favour of Mr. Daw. The Sum contended for, with Coſts of Suit, &c. will amount to between 14 and 15,000 l.

The ſeveral Aldermen below the Chair, who had not ſerved the Office of Sheriffs, were Yeſterday put in Nomination at Guildhall; as were likewiſe the following Gentlemen, who had been drank to by the Lord Mayor, W. Franks, E. Wrench, J. Trotter, R. Budworth, C. Vere, S. Hartley, W. Naſh, and R. Mackreth, Eſqrs. but Meſſrs. Baker and Martyn, who were nominated by the Livery, had a general Shew of Hands, and were accordingly returned, and declared duly elected, with the greateſt Applauſe.

The Hall was remarkably crowded, and not more than a Dozen Hands were held up for any of the Aldermen who were put in Nomination by the Court.

Sir Stephen Theodore Janſſen, Bart. was continued Chamberlain.

After the Elections, Sir Robert Ladbroke, who ſat as *Locum Tenens*, and the reſt of the Aldermen, came on the Huſtings to receive the Sheriffs Report, which being made, Mr. Samuel Vaughan applied to Sir Robert, to permit him to make a Motion reſpecting future Polls, but Sir Robert declared, "he would not hear him;" and the Reaſon he gave was, "he was only *Locum Tenens*." His intended Motion, we hear, was as follows,

"That whenever the Sheriffs Declaration is diſputed, and a Poll is demanded, the Candidates, or thoſe who demand a Poll, ought to agree to pay the Sheriffs the neceſſary Expences attending the ſame."

It is ſaid, that the Earl of Chatham will appeal to the Houſe of Peers, againſt the Decree pronounced in the Court of Chancery laſt Saturday, in Favour of Mr. Daw.

June 27. Letters from Sweden adviſe, that the State of public Credit at Stockholm, renders extraordinary Meaſures neceſſary in the next Diet, as great Confuſion and Embarraſſment have ariſen from the Loans made by the Bank, on Pledges of private Property, from the Embezzlements of the Clerks, and the Multiplication of Paper-Money; and alſo from the Mortgages of the Crown Revenues, and the Mines, which are againſt the fundamental Conſtitutions of the Kingdom.

By the Return made by the Officers of the Police, there appears to have been 1118 Perſons killed in the Crowd, at the Fireworks at Paris, on the Marriage of the Dauphin.

Letters from Scotland ſay, that the Diſtemper which lately raged among the horned Cattle in that Part of the Kingdom has totally ceaſed.

June 28. We hear the Dutch have negotiated a large Loan with the Empreſs of Ruſſia, in Conſequence of which, conſiderable Sums have been ſold out of our Funds; this is the only probable Reaſon that the Price of Stocks is ſo low; and we ſtill can aſſure the Public there is not the leaſt Foundation for any Report of an approaching War.

Tueſday Mr. Oliver, attended by Mr. Alderman Wilkes, Mr. Sheriff Sawbridge, Mr. Bellas, and ſeveral other patriotic Gentlemen, gave a grand Entertainment to the Inhabitants of Billingſgate Ward, at the Gun Tavern. After Dinner he made a general Apology for his going away ſo ſoon, on Account of his canvaſſing for Member of Parliament for the City. He departed with three Huzzas from the Populace, to whom Beer was given, and afterwards attended the Meeting of the Inhabitants of Vintry Ward at the Dog Tavern, Garlick-hill.

Mr. Oliver is made free of the Drapers Company, but the Aldermen will not meet to make a Court, that he may have the Freedom of the City (it being cuſtomary for a Gentleman, when he is made free, to be preſented with it by the Court of Aldermen) that they may hinder him from being elected Alderman of Billingſgate Ward; but we are informed the Court of Common Council will admit him.

Five Guineas were lately offered to ſeveral of the Inhabitants of a certain Ward, if they would engage to go out of Town on a particular Day, to be mentioned within a Month, &c.

A Report is now revived, that the Purchaſe of a very conſiderable Brewery, with the Stock and Utenſils, is now under the Conſideration of a certain patriotic Society, for the Benefit of a popular Gentleman, who, it is ſaid, is willing to engage in the ſame.

Tueſday a Courier ſet out, with Advices for the Britiſh Ambaſſador at the Court of Madrid, who is to require a categorical Anſwer for what Cauſe that Court are fitting out Squadrons at their different Sea Ports.

It is ſaid a Naval Officer of high Rank, has informed a Great Perſonage, that the Naval Eſtabliſhment of this Kingdom requires to be put on a reſpectable Footing; which is to be laid ſhortly before a Board of Admiralty.

Orders have been iſſued to make a ſtrict Inſpection into the Strength of the Caſtles and Fortifications on the Kent, Suſſex, and other Sea Coaſts, and a Report to be made with all Expedition.

Yeſterday a Privy Council was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall, on ſpecial Affairs relating to the Plantations, which did not break up till Five o' Clock in the Afternoon.

The Foreign Papers Yeſterday make no Mention of any further Proceedings in the Archipelago between the Turks and Ruſſians.

At a numerous Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Ward of Vintry, it was unanimoſly agreed to ſupport Thomas Oliver, Eſq; in his Election, and upon the ſame Principles as the City of Weſtminſter ſupported Sir Robert Bernard.-----We wiſh this Example may be followed by the whole Kingdom.

We are informed for Fact, that the Officers and principal Inhabitants of Brentford, and ſeveral Towns thro' which the Corpſe of the late diſtinguiſhed patriotic Lord Mayor is to paſs, have reſolved to have the Bells tolled as the Proceſſion paſſes, as the laſt Tribute they can pay for the many Services rendered to this Country by that great and good Man, who has not left his Superior, ſcarce his Equal.

Laſt Night the late Lord Mayor laid in State, at his Houſe in Soho-ſquare; the Coffin is covered with black Velvet, on which is the following Inſcription on a Braſs Plate varniſhed: "The Right Honourable "William Beckford, Eſq; Lord Mayor of the City of London, "died June 21, 1770, in the ſecond Time of his Mayoralty, "aged 63."

We are aſſured the Accounts that were received laſt Week from the Town of Boſton, in America, are of ſo very alarming a Nature, that Meaſures of one Kind or other, either vigorous or lenitive, muſt be purſued in a few Days.

June 29. Yeſterday Morning, at ſix o'Clock, the Remains of the late Right Hon. William Beckford, Eſq; Lord Mayor of this City, were carried out of Town, from Soho-ſquare, in a Hearſe and Six, adorned with Eſcutcheons, Streamers, &c. which was followed by ten Horſemen. The Corpſe was to lie in State all Night at the Place they put up at, and this Night; and To-morrow is to be interred at Fonthill.

A Clergyman preached at Fonthill, not long ſince, on the following Text: "He ſhall ſtand before Kings, and will not be aſhamed."

Thomas Oliver, Eſq; the Candidate for this City, lies very ill at his Houſe in Fenchurch-ſtreet, of the ſame Kind of Fever, it is ſaid, of which the Lord Mayor died.

Yeſterday the late Lord Mayor's Will was brought to Doctors Commons, and lodged with Roger Altham, Eſq; His Lordſhip has appointed for his Executors, Lord Bruce, Sir John Gibbons, Henry Hoare, Eſq; William Martin Burte, Eſq; Dr. Wake, and George Cooke, Eſq; who is ſince dead.

Yeſterday an Expreſs was ſent off from the Earl of Hillſborough's Office for General Gage, at New-York.

Letters from Venice inform, that the miſerable Greeks are flying on all Sides from the Fury of the enraged Ottomans, and what renders their Condition truly deplorable, the Grand Signor has declared, he will conſider as Enemies to the Porte, ſuch States as may afford any of them Shelter in their Dominions.

This Day at Noon was finally cloſed, at Guildhall, the Poll for the Election of a Lord Mayor for this City, when the Numbers were,

For Alderman Trecothick,	- -	1601
Alderman Croſby,	- - -	1434
Sir Henry Banks,	- -	437

After the Declaration of the Numbers by the Sheriffs, they returned the Names to the Court of Aldermen, who declared Alderman Trecothick duly elected. The Alderman, after his Election, addreſſed himſelf to the Livery, in a very handſome Speech, in which he paid a high Compliment to the Abilities of the late Lord Mayor, and acknowledged how unequal he was to ſucceed ſo worthy a Magiſtrate.

MARBLEHEAD, *Auguſt* 10.

Laſt Evening, Capt. Samuel Lyon, in the Sloop ----, arrived here. On Inſpection, the Committee of the Trade found her to be loaded with Pork, belonging to the Colony of New-York: The Committee immediately acquainted Capt. Lyon, that New-York had broke their Non-importation Agreement, and deſerted their

Sister Colonies, at a Time when they well knew that a Union was moſt neceſſary for obtaining the deſired End.

The Committee therefore deſired him to depart out of this Port, with his Veſſel and Cargoe, as ſoon as poſſible, for no Inhabitants of this Place can have ſo little Senſe of their Liberties as to have any Connection or Commerce with an Inhabitant of ſaid Colony, until they give Satisfaction to the Committee of Trade at Boſton for their baſe Defection.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 27.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend in New-York, dated June 8, 1770.

"I have juſt been in Company with a very conſiderable Virginia Merchant, who aſſures me he is now going to ſend a Ship to Virginia, fully loaded with Dry Goods, and that ſome other Houſes were ſhipping largely to that Province, in Conſequence of Orders received from ſome Gentlemen in Virginia, who had never come into the Non-importation Agreement. The amazing Quantity of Goods that are daily ſhipping for Boſton, Rhode-Iſland, Halifax and Canada, would really aſtoniſh you; it is impoſſible there can be Conſumption in the two laſt Places for near the Goods that are now ſhipping, and lately gone. Surely all theſe Circumſtances will be weighed by the judicious Merchants of your Province, and thoſe of Pennſylvania, who I am ſorry to ſay have been duped by all the other Provinces."

Another Letter, of the 12th of June, to the ſame Gentleman in this City, from his Correſpondent in London, ſays,------"I was this Day a Spectator of a Letter wrote from Philadelphia, ordering upwards of 3000l. Sterling Value, in Goods, without any Regard to the reſtricting Clauſes."

Extract of a Letter, dated London, June 5, 1770.

"The People of England now curſe Governor Bernard, as bitterly as thoſe of America.---Bernard was drove out of the Smyrna Coffee-Houſe, not many Days ſince, by General Oglethorp, who told him he was a dirty factious Scoundrel, and ſmelled curſed ſtrong of the Hangman; that he had better leave the Room, as unworthy to mix with Gentlemen of Character, but that he would give him the Satisfaction of following him to the Door, had he any Thing to reply.-----The Governor left the Houſe like a guilty Coward."

The following Paragraph we find inſerted in the Boſton Papers.

"It is ſaid, that by the Cuſtom-Houſe Entries at Quebec, and Montreal, the New-York Merchants had imported there to the Value of 40,000l. Sterling.----*This was before they came into a Reſolution to import.*"

PHILADELPHIA, Auguſt 30.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated June 23, 1770.

"*The Riſing of the Parliament, without giving the expected Relief, left us here in a Kind of Suſpence, and turned our Eyes to the Conduct of the Americans.---Many were the Predictions of the Enemies of America, that the Goods which had been ſhipped on Speculation, to Boſton particularly, would be received, and the Combination, as it is termed, be at an End. But a few Days ago the Boſton Ships returned with their Goods, to the Surprize, Confuſion and Diſappointment of the Shippers, Manufacturers and Miniſtry. I never ſaw Chagrin and Vexation more viſible on the Faces of every Man, who has the leaſt Connection with America, and is unfriendly to its preſent Plan of Oppoſition. Our Friends rejoiced openly over their Enemies, who on their Parts acknowledged, that they had been utterly diſappointed. Should the Goods ſhipped to Virginia alſo return, the Stroke would be compleat. Nothing has done the Cauſe of America ſo much Service as the Rejection of theſe Goods, many of them are yet on board the Veſſels, and cannot be landed without great Expence. One Mr. Haly has £1000 Sterling Duties to pay on one of theſe Veſſels only.-----It is now given out, that the Duty on Tea will be taken off next Winter, and doubt not it will.*

"*The Death of Mr. Beckford, the Lord Mayor, is a heavy Stroke to the Oppoſition, few Deaths are the Subject of ſo much Sorrow and Joy.---In the Election of a Succeſſor, as Lord Mayor and Alderman, the Oppoſition carry every Thing by a great Majority---A few Deaths in the Court of Aldermen, will fix the whole City in the antiminiſterial Syſtem.---I cannot find any two Perſons here, who agree in Sentiment on the Influence of the Non-importation, there ſeems to be ſome Secret which is yet impenetrable.-----The Manufacturers are employed, and tho' there are many Goods on Hand, there is no Complaint among them; various are the Conjectures on this Head, moſt probably it may be imputed to an increaſed Demand in many Articles from Abroad, but much more to miniſterial Management, and Application of public Money, in order to make a grand Experiment of our Virtue and Reſolution.---- The Struggle cannot now be long, the Iſſue will determine us either Slaves or Freemen.---I hope no American will heſitate at the Choice.*"

Extract of another Letter from London, June 25, 1770.

"*I hope the Reſult of your general Meeting of the 5th Current, was to open the Channel of Trade as formerly, excluſive of Tea, or any other Goods which Adminiſtration may hereafter take it into their Heads to lay a Duty on; that is the Mode I could wiſh to recommend, and not a partial Importation of ſuch Goods only as you cannot poſſibly do without, for ſhould ſuch a Reſolve as that take place, Adminiſtration will gain their Point, and, in all Probability, not only continue the Duty on Tea, but ſoon lay Duties upon other Goods exported to North-America.*"

Extract of a third Letter from London, June 26, 1770.

"I come now to obſerve on the Paper read at the Coffee-houſe, which I dare ſay was well intended, but I am clear, that what the Colonies have done, had not in the *leaſt Degree* been the Means of taking off the Duties on Glaſs, Paints, and Paper, and that the Parliament did not do it from a Principle of Juſtice to the Colonies, but becauſe it was bad Policy to tax the Manufactures of the Kingdom.---While this Miniſtry continue, all the Efforts the Americans can make to get the Remainder of the Act repealed, will not avail."

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

As I ſhould be ſorry to take up too much of your Time, I ſhall be quite brief in my preſent Addreſs, and only requeſt a Place in your Paper, for this Introduction, and the following Paragraph.

THE Piece ſigned, A PHILADELPHIAN, was ſubmitted to the Public; ſo I ſuppoſe is that ſigned, A TRUE PHILADELPHIAN.-----The Public, of Courſe, are to be Judges of the Diſpoſitions of the two Writers:---Here I am perfectly ſatisfied the Matter ſhould reſt.-----I deſire to make no particular Obſervations on either of the Performances; becauſe I am ſenſible, that the firſt contains, neither more or leſs than it does contain; and as to the laſt, I ſhould deem it an Impoſition upon the Good Senſe of my Fellow-Citizens, to attempt, by Argument, to leſſen it in their Eſteem.----I ſhall only add, the Impartiality of the Printers gives me Pleaſure; and I am theirs, &c.

A PHILADELPHIAN.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

In looking over the Life of the late ingenious PETER COLLINSON, *F. R. S. in the Gentleman's Magazine for April, 1770, I find the following Paſſage, which your inſerting in your Gazette, will much oblige,*

Your humble Servant,

A. B. C.

IT was not, however, to Britain alone, that his benevolent Views were confined; as he took much Pains to excite a Taſte in the Americans for natural Hiſtory, ſo he likewiſe often prompted them to purſue Improvements, alike beneficial to themſelves, and their Mother Country. He urged to ſuch of them as viſited him, the Benefit, nay Neceſſity, of cultivating Flax, Hemp, Wine, Silk, and other Products.

"VINES, in particular (ſaid he) will thrive well in your Country; but imitate Nature in their Cultivation. Don't keep them cloſe to the Ground, as we are forced to do in this, and other Northern and European Climates, for the Sake of a little more Sun and Heat to ripen the Grape; your Summer Heats exceed as much as ours fall ſhort; allow them therefore longer Stems---let them be trained to, and ſupported by Trees, and hide their Fruit among the Foliage, as in the warmer Parts of Europe.

"He frequently lamented the Supineneſs and Inattention of the Coloniſts to their Intereſt, in this, as well as many other Articles. In moſt of the Northern and Southern Colonies, there are a Variety of native Grapes growing wild in the Woods, and twining among the Trees and Buſhes for their Support; theſe yield Fruit in Plenty, of different Kinds, and many of them capable of producing a rich good Wine. How eaſy would it be in Autumn to collect a ſufficient Quantity of the Fruit, to make Trial of the Wine?---It has been done by a very few, and with Succeſs. The Fault ſeems not ſo much in the Fruit, as in the Want of Skill, or Care in making the Wine."

Captain Bingley, from Liſbon, on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 39: 55, Long. 63, ſpoke a Brig, from New-York for Briſtol, 5 Days out; 7th, in Lat. 38, Long. 65, ſpoke the Ship London, from South-Carolina for Liſbon, out 11 Days; and on the 17th, in Lat. 36: 38, Long. 73, he ſpoke a Schooner from New-London for the Weſt-Indies, 8 Days out.

Captain Brown, from St. Euſtatia, on his Paſſage, in Lat. 30, Long. 69, ſpoke with Captain Alliſon, in a Brig from this Port for Jamaica, 12 Days out, all well.

Captain Brice, from St. Euſtatia, on the 17th Inſtant, in Lat. 35: 50, Long 72: 30, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Duncan, from this Place for Jamaica, all well; and the next Day he ſpoke a Ship from Virginia for Liverpool, two Days out, all well.

Monday laſt the Sloop Polly, Captain Daſhiell, came up to Town in Diſtreſs; he ſailed from Cheſter River, in Maryland, on the 3d Inſtant, bound for Jamaica, but on the 19th, in Lat. 35, Long. 71, carried away his Maſt in a very high Sea, and was obliged to put back to refit.

Arrived from this Port. Captains Gromwell, Dyer, and Ord, at Liſbon; Young, at Briſtol; and Capt. Souder, at St. Euſtatia.

Saturday laſt Mr. *William Young*, Botaniſt to their Majeſties, arrived here from Briſtol, by Way of Maryland. We hear he is come to make a Collection of new and curious Plants in America.

☞ *For a Piece, ſigned AMINTOR, ſee the Supplement.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Sally, E. Tinker, from New-London. Snow Peggy, W. Haſtie, Glaſgow. Brig Nancy, J. Brice, and Brig Sally, J. Brown, St. Euſtatia. Brig Dove, D. Brown, and Ship Endeavour. S. Toman, Rode-Iſland. Schooner Betſy, J. Smith, Antigua. Ship Hawke, E. Bingley, and Brig Betſy. G. Kidd, Liſbon. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, and Sloop Charlotte, J. Cobourne, New-York. Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, Jamaica. Schooner Nancy, J. Mullowny, Halifax. Sloop Rutland, J. Howard, St. Vincent. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, Cadiz. Brig James, J. M'Cullough, Liverpool. Schooner Lucy, W. Du Val, from Virginia.

OUTWARDS. *Schooner Dolphin, S. Outerbridge, for St. Euſtatia. Ship Britannia, N. Falconer, and Ship London Packet, J. Cooke, London. Brig Anna, S. Smith, Dominica. Sloop Diana, W. Goodwin, Caſco-Bay. Ship St. Andrew, C. Emlen, Madeira. Sloop Santa-Maria, T. Bell, Porto-Rico. Sloop Happy Return, N. Stillwell, Liſbon. Sloop Centurion, E. Gray, Amboy. Snow Anna, J. Livingſton, St. Kitts. Snow Sterling, W. Lawrence, Teneriffe. Snow Mercury, G. Atkinſon, and Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Jamaica. Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boſton. Sloop Barbara, J. Higgins, Georgia. Brig Carpenter, S. Smith, for Barbados.*

CLEARED. *Brig Morning Star, T. Callender, Nevis. Brig Patty, R. Hardie, Cape-Nicola. Ship Phœnix, J. Mitchell, Cork. Schooner Nancy, B. Woods, Wilmington. Snow Peggy, W. Haſtie, New-York. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Sloop Sally, E. Tinker, and Sloop New Sally, J. Chappell, New-London. Schooner Polly, J. Richard, Sloop Juno, P. White, and Sloop Sidney, J. Oliver, North-Carolina. Sloop Royal George, J. Cox, Penſacola. Sloop Alice, B. Newbold, Tortola. Sloop Unity, J. Buchanan, St. Vincent. Sloop Potowmack, S. Sydebotham, and Schooner Lovely Laſs, D. Badger, to Maryland.*

To the PUBLIC.

ALL Perſons, who have COCOONS, which they are deſirous of having wound, are requeſted to bring them to the FILATURE, in this City, near Market-ſtreet, in Seventh-ſtreet, as the Managers have procured a Perſon from Georgia, who is ſkilled in that Buſineſs, and will proceed to reel the SILK, with all Expedition.

N. B. If any Perſons, MEN, WOMEN, or GIRLS, are deſirous of learning the Art of REELING SILK, by applying to the Managers, they will be admitted at the Filature for that Purpoſe. *Philadelphia, Auguſt 24, 1770.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the *Truſtees of the Society for promoting Learning amongſt the Baptiſt* CHURCHES, that a ſpecial Meeting is to be held at the TREASURER's Houſe, on *Friday*, the 14th of *September* next, at Nine o'Clock in the Morning. *Auguſt 27, 1770.* ¶

The MEMBERS of the

St. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, at the Houſe of Michael Duff, at the Golden Fleece, in Second-ſtreet, on Friday, the 31ſt of this Inſtant Auguſt, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening. DAVID SPROAT, Secretary.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Friday, the 31ſt of Auguſt, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of Elijah Weed, at the Corner of Arch and Fourth-ſtreets, a certain Lot, or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Fourth-ſtreet, and North Side of Cherry-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth, on Fourth-ſtreet, 23 Feet, and in Depth, on Cherry-ſtreet, 49 Feet 6 Inches, having a 2 Story Brick Tenement of 16 by 19 Feet, and a large Frame Work-ſhop (which may at a ſmall Expence be converted into a Dwelling-houſe) erected thereon; ſubject to a Groundrent of Nine Pounds, Pennſylvania Currency, per Annum; late the Eſtate of Jacob Kennard; ſeized and taken in Execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 3d of September, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Walnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 17 feet 3 inches, and in depth 138 feet, or thereabouts; bounded eaſtward by ground late of George Bullock, deceaſed, ſouthward by Pear-ſtreet, weſtward by a houſe and lot of ----- Dilworth, and northward by Walnut-ſtreet aforeſaid; ſubject to a groundrent of Five Pounds, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Henry Ward, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Deptford, in the county of Glouceſter, in the Jerſeys, on the 16th of Auguſt, 1770, an Engliſh ſervant man, named EDWARD CLEMONS, *about 23 years of age, 4 feet 4 inches high, middle ſtature, a good deal knock-kneed, ſandy complexion, ſtraight hair, ſour look, and calls himſelf a pin-maker by trade; had on, when he went away, an oznenbrigs ſhirt, tow trowſers, new felt hat, brown coat, with horn buttons, a white flannel jacket, and new ſhoes; as he has lately run away twice, once he was put in Cheſter goal, next he got to Burlington county, he had a horſe lock on his left leg, under his trowſers, tied up to the calf of his leg, but may have got it off. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JAMES HINCHMAN.

ROBERT and NATHANIEL LEWIS,

At their Store near the Drawbridge, have for Sale,

SUPERFINE, fine, middling, and coarſe BOULTING-CLOTHS, ſuitable to every Branch of the BOULTING-BUSINESS. Thoſe who are unacquainted with the different Kinds of Cloths, may depend on having thoſe of the beſt Quality, with Directions, in what Manner to fix them moſt advantageouſly. They have a Copper Still, which will contain between 30 and 40 Gallons, to diſpoſe of, on reaſonable Terms.

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE and complete Aſſortment, juſt imported, of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe, to be SOLD, on the loweſt Terms, by ELLIS LEWIS, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia. T. b. c.

HARPER and HARTSHORNE,

HAVE lately opened Store in Water-ſtreet, next Door below the Old Ferry-Houſe, where they have for SALE, at the moſt reaſonable Rates, WEST-INDIA RUM, Muſcovado SUGAR, MELASSES, &c. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for the Honour you did me the laſt Year, in voting me on the Return for Coroners, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the ſaid Office at the enſuing Election, I beg the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your obliged Friend, and humble Servant,

CALEB CASH, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS of the County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Honour you have conferred upon me, for three Years paſt, in chooſing me one of your Repreſentatives, I thankfully acknowledge; but my private Buſineſs not permitting me to ſerve you any longer in that Station, I requeſt the Favour of you to chooſe ſome other Perſon at the enſuing Election, in the Place of

Your humble Servant,

¶ SAMUEL POTTS.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you Thanks for the Honour done me, in chooſing me one of your Aſſeſſors theſe five Years paſt; but as it would be very inconvenient to me, to ſerve in that Station the enſuing Year, hope you will pleaſe to elect another Perſon in my Stead. PAUL ENGLE. ¶

Philadelphia, Auguſt 27, 1770.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 7th of September next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe,

A LOT of ground, and a 3 ſtory brick tenement thereon erected, ſituated on the corner of Front and Queen-ſtreets, in Southwark; the lot and houſe are 18 feet on Front-ſtreet; the houſe extends 40 feet, and the lot 80 feet, on Queen-ſtreet; ſubject to a groundrent of £ 8: 10: 0 currency, per annum; being part of the eſtate of John Armitt, aſſigned to us, for the uſe of his creditors. JOHN MIFFLIN,

† SAMUEL & JOHN MORTON.

FORTY POUNDS Reward,

WILL be paid to a good MILLER, for one year's ſervice at the ſubſcriber's mill, ſituate at the Head of Morgan's creek, in Kent county, Maryland; he muſt be a ſingle man, about middle age, and well recommended; he muſt apply by the 20th of September next. ISAAC PERKINS. §

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A HEALTHY ſtrong NEGROE MAN, about 27 years of age, he has had the ſmall-pox, underſtands the tanning buſineſs well, and a good part of the currying. For further particulars, enquire of GEORGE LEIB, in the Northern Liberties, the upper end of Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ¶

TO BE LETT,

By the Subſcriber, for the Term of Five or Seven YEARS,

THAT noted TAVERN in Kenſington, near Philadelphia, fronting the River, and adjoining to William Pearſon's, Blackſmith, now in the Tenure of John Coon. For Terms apply to ANTHONY TAYLOR, near Bordentown. §

RUN away, on the night of the 21ſt of Auguſt, 1770, from the ſhip Thornton, Captain M'Dougall, lying in the Ferry-branch of Patapſco, in Maryland, two convict men, viz. WILLIAM SYMONDS, *by trade a Barber, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, wears his own ſhort light coloured hair, and is very fond of tobacco, has a down look when ſpoke to, or taxed with any thing amiſs.* JOHN HILL, *by trade a Glaſs-blower, about 26 years of age, fair complexion and pitted with the ſmall-pox, wore an old brown cut wig, is about 5 feet 4 inches high, and is a talkative ſenſible fellow. We cannot deſcribe their clothes particularly, but from the beſt information the Captain can give us, they both have it in their power to dreſs genteely, and it is very probable they will paſs for maſter and man. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervants, and brings them to us, ſhall receive a reward of Forty Shillings for each, if taken in the province; if out of the province, FOUR POUNDS for each, beſides reaſonable charges, and the reward allowed by law.*

WILLIAM RUSSELL, *and* MATTHEW RIDLEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forewarned from harbouring or carrying off either of them. ‡

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the incloſure of the ſubſcriber, living in Hempfield townſhip, in Lancaſter county, on the 16th of Auguſt, 1770, a light brown MARE, with a ſtar in her forehead, 5 or 6 years old, about 14 hands high, paces, and her off hind leg is ſomewhat thick. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me CHRISTIAN HIRTZLER. ¶

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

THREE Acres and 60 Perches of Meadow, belonging to the Reverend Charles Magnus Wrangle; bounded by Anthony Morris and Andrew Doz's Meadows, on Glouceſter Road, near the End of Keeler's Lane. For Terms, apply to the Subſcriber, living in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

† WILLIAM JONES.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living at Tinecum iſland, in Cheſter county, on the 19th of Auguſt, 1770, a ſervant man, named JOSEPH WILSON, aged 21 years, about 5 feet 4 inches high, fair hair, too ſhort to be tied, dark blue eyes, ſmooth round face, fair complexion; had on, when he went away, a half-worn green jacket, with cuffs, a red ſerge under ditto, without ſleeves, old thickſet breeches, felt hat, ſtriped ticken trowſers, check ſhirt, coarſe white ditto, 2 pair of white thread ſtockings, one pair of blue yarn ditto, old mended calf-ſkin ſhoes, with carved braſs buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by me JAMES HARNALT, or JOSEPH PEMBERTON, living in Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia. †

Weſt-Pennſborough townſhip, Cumberland county, Auguſt 22, 1770.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, about the 26th of July laſt, a Negroe man, named ABEL, of middle age and ſize, a ſmith by trade, has a little halt as he walks, and turns out his toes, had, ſometime ago, a large wart under his waiſtband, and I think a bit hath been taken out of his ear. Whoever ſecures ſaid Negroe in any goal, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me THOMAS BUTLER. §

FOR LONDON,

The SHIP LONDON PACKET, *JAMES COOKE*, MASTER; NOW lying at Warder's wharff, has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage apply to JEREMIAH WARDER, RICHARD PARKER, or ſaid Maſter.

BENJAMIN JACKSON's
NEW INVENTED
PHILADELPHIA INK POWDER,

Which, by a general Conſent of the beſt Pen-men, and moſt competent Judges (that have tried it) is allowed to be preferable to any imported from England, or elſewhere, is, by particular Appointment, ſold, wholeſale and retail, by

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK,

At his *Printing-Office*, oppoſite the Work-houſe, in Third-ſtreet, PHILADELPHIA.

AND as it not only exceeds the European in the Goodneſs of its Quality, but will be ſold by the Quantity as cheap as that can be imported, and is an American Manufacture, it is hoped, it will meet with univerſal Encouragement, which will be thankfully acknowledged by the Maker, BENJAMIN JACKSON.

N. B. All Orders, by Letter, from our neighbouring Colonies, &c. ſhall be as punctually obeyed, and on as low Terms, as if the Orderer was perſonally preſent. ¶6W.

Said Crukſhank gives the beſt Price for good Gooſe and Swan's Quills.

ALL perſons indebted to the *Pennſylvania Chronicle*, for ſubſcriptions, advertiſements, &c. are requeſted not to pay, until the affairs of the company of GODDARD and TOWNE are finally ſettled, of which public notice will be given. Thoſe who reſide in the city of Philadelphia, and its diſtricts, are excepted, their debts being aſſigned over, and a proper perſon appointed to collect them.

I take this opportunity to declare Mr. Goddard's aſſerting, in a late ſcurrilous advertiſement, that the vindication I publiſhed of my character was the performance of gentlemen whom he ſtyles the JUNTO, to be *falſe* and *malevolent*; and that they never peruſed it before it was printed and publiſhed.

With ſenſible and candid men, ſcurrility and declamation avail but little in diſputes; and, when uſed in oppoſition to facts, betray a weak cauſe, and a bad heart. Inſtead therefore of Mr. Goddard's *feeble* and *baſe* attempt to "murder" the reputation of his ſuperiors, it would have been more ſatisfactory to the public, as well as an advantage to himſelf, to have diſproved, if poſſible, the following charges, that he,

1. Was of a choleric diſpoſition, and combuſtible temper.
2. Sold me printing materials, which he afterwards declared were his mother's property----and endeavours now to prove ſo to my prejudice.
3. Retreated from his buſineſs and creditors for months together, and left the whole weight of our miſerable affairs on my ſhoulders.
4. Urged me to take up paper on credit from one paper-maker, *let him take it to* New-York, and ſell it for caſh to pay a debt to another; which I told him was *robbing Peter* to pay *Paul*.
5. Clandeſtinely appointed a perſon to collect the debts of the partnerſhip, to the detriment not only of myſelf, but our creditors.

His *vain booſting* of what he can alledge againſt me, in his intended hiſtory, gives me no concern. And I doubt not but the *virtue* and *integrity* of the gentlemen, whom he has villainouſly ſlandered, will effectually ſhield them from the poiſoned arrows of ſo *profligate* a *calumniator*.----It is the opinion of moſt people of diſcernment, that his advertiſement was intended only to divert the attention of the town from the facts I had advanced againſt him in my defence. If this was his view, it might poſſibly ſerve his purpoſe with the *ſhort-ſighted* reader----but men of cool judgment, and ſolid underſtanding, will deſpiſe him for a bluſterer, and be reminded of Hudibras's ſentiment, that,

The ancient heroes were illuſtrious
For being benign, and not bluſtrous.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 20, 1770. BENJAMIN TOWNE.

SOLD, wholeſale and retail, by

THOMAS ANDERTON,

At the LONDON BOOK-STORE, in PHILADELPHIA,

OLD Jamaica ſpirits of an excellent flavour; coffee; rice; Muſcovado ſugar; tamarinds; chocolate; flour of muſtard; dried outward peels of civil oranges; marble waſh-balls; diamond powder razor-ſtraps; pocket-books, of all ſorts; cards; ſlate memorandum-books; claſps and locks for pocket-books, in gold, ſilver, Pinchbeck, ſteel, or braſs; ſchool books; nut caſtor oil; gum guaiacum, this gum is good for all gleets and ſeminal weakneſſes, in gonorrhæas it is by ſome deemed a ſpecific, and the late immortal Boerhaave was of that opinion; it alſo frequently does great ſervice in the gout and rheumatiſm, price 2s. 6d. per pound.

Caſſia fiſtula. This is an excellent purge for children, and Dr. James, author of the fever powder, ſays, if it is conſtantly uſed for ſome time, it will cure the moſt obſtinate chronical diſorder; it is good for the diſeaſes in the kidneys, bladder, the gravel, and alſo in gonorrhæas, contracted by impure embraces; it is alſo proper in feveriſh heats, and extinguiſhes thirſt; price 2s. 6d. per pound.

At the ſame place may be had, The demenſor, or a new invented, portable pocket, inſtrument for ſurveying land, and meaſuring all kinds of ſuperficials and ſolids.

And likewiſe may be had, the following genuine medicines, Dr. Anthony Daffy's cordial elixir, and Dr. Anderſon's true Scotch pills, both which excellent medicines have been conſtantly made uſe of in England and Scotland by every family, rich and poor, for more than 100 years paſt, and they are (if genuine) the beſt family medicines hitherto diſcovered. Doctor Storck's tincture for infallibly curing the tooth-ach, preſerving the teeth, curing the ſcurvy in the gums, and eaſing pains in the head, and pains in the joints. Walker's Jeſuits drops; Baron Van Swieten's univerſal never failing worm deſtroying ſugar plumb; it is, without all doubt, and experience daily proves it, the beſt medicine for the intention that ever was hitherto expoſed to public ſale. Theſe plums, not many weeks ago, brought from a boy of ſix years old, a worm of 27 inches long. The Pruſſian ladies patent balſam, for effectually clearing the ſkin of pimples, freckles, ſunburn, and other deformities, and making it beautifully white, ſoft and ſmooth.

Where may be had, moſt money for any parcel of new or old books---Morocco leather, and gooſe quills.

York-Town, Auguſt 9, 1770.

WHEREAS JOHN ECKMAN, of Lancaſter county, hath, on behalf of his father, fraudulently, without conſideration, obtained a bond from me, for the payment of Eighty-two Pounds Sixteen Shillings, Pennſylvania currency. Theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons, from taking an aſſignment on the ſaid bond, for I am determined to diſpute the payment of it in a court of juſtice. DAVID JAMESON. §

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, from the ſubſcriber, living in Birmingham townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Thomas Wilkiſon, a middle-ſized fellow, of a lightiſh complexion, wears his own hair, tied behind; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a French grego jacket, with tags 3 inches longs, of a black colour, an old tow ſhirt, and a pair of ſtriped trowſers, patched on the knees, and took with him a pair of pumps. He has forged a paſs or recommendation, and ſigned it with the names of ſome people in Baltimore county. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me WILLIAM KERLIN.

N. B. Said ſervant came from Baltimore county, and was lately put in Cheſter goal, by the name of Thomas Adams, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway. §

To be SOLD, by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county,

FIFTY acres of good LAND, well ſeated for any public buſineſs, only ten acres thereof cleared, eight whereof is good watered meadow, the remainder well timbered; there are on the premiſes, a ſmall log dwelling-houſe, and a very good flutter wheel ſaw-mill, with a very good ſeat for any other water-works, beautifully ſituated, on that never-failing ſtream, called Pickering-creek, in a plentiful part of the country for timber, and within a mile and a half of a good landing on Schuylkill, within 22 miles of Philadelphia. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to

§ PATRICK ANDERSON.

STRAYED or ſtolen, from the ſubſcriber, out of the ſtable of Andrew Trombower, Inn-keeper, in Richland townſhip, Bucks county, on the 22d of Auguſt, 1770, a bay HORSE, with Saddle and Bridle, 6 years old laſt ſpring, about 14 hands and 1 inch high, no brand nor ear-mark, paces and trots, his mane and tail lately trimmed, and both hind feet white as high as his fetlocks; a blue pluſh houſing to the ſaddle, bound with white leather. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe, bridle and ſaddle, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward; but if ſtolen, and the thief brought to juſtice, FIVE POUNDS, paid by SAMUEL MELVIN, in Rockhill townſhip. ‡

Hunterdon county, New-Jerſey, Auguſt 18, 1770.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber has been concerned in trade, and carrying on iron-works, for a number of years paſt, by which, meeting with many loſſes, and, by the hardneſs of the times, is unable to procure money to pay the debts contracted at ſaid works, whereby they, and the lands belonging to them, which coſt ſeveral Thouſand Pounds, have been ſold, by execution, for only as many Hundreds, as alſo a large eſtate beſides, ſold nearly in the ſame proportion to its value; I am therefore under the diſagreeable neceſſity of giving my creditors notice, that in order to free my body from confinement, I intend to petition the legiſlature of the province of New-Jerſey, at their next ſeſſions, for relief in the premiſes.

¶ THOMAS READING.

IN purſuance of an order of Orphan's Court, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Friday, the 28th day of September, on the premiſes, A certain meſſuage or tenement, and tract or parcel of land, ſituate in Smithfield, in the Manor of Moreland, in the county of Philadelphia, and on the great road leading from Southampton to Philadelphia; bounded northweſterly by lands of Walter Cumby, ſouthweſterly by Joſeph Street's land, ſoutheaſterly by the ſaid road, and northeaſterly by land of Joſhua Jones; containing 5 acres and 102 perches. Alſo one other piece of land, ſituate in Smithfield aforeſaid, bounded ſoutheaſterly by Abel Walton's land, ſouthweſterly by George Bartholomew, northweſterly by the aforeſaid road, and northeaſterly by Henry Tomlinſon's land, containing 82 perches; late the eſtate of Benjamin Twining, late of the manor, Tavern-keeper, deceaſed. The above meſſuage has been a noted Tavern for many years paſt, being diſtant about 14 miles from Philadelphia, and is well accommodated to entertain travellers, has ſeveral very good buildings, ſuch as ſtables, ſhed, ſadler's ſhop, belonging thereunto; there is alſo a very good thriving orchard, of apple and other fruit trees, on the premiſes; and the whole premiſes is under very good fence, and has ſeveral ſprings of water thereon. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon.

DAVID LUFFBOROUGH, Adminiſtrator,
SARAH LUFFBOROUGH, Adminiſtratrix.

N. B. There will be ſundry houſhold goods, one milch cow, and one horſe, ſold at the ſame time. §

CAME to the plantation of REESE HARRY, in Gwyneth townſhip, Philadelphia county, a large red COW, with a white face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Eaſt Bradford, on the 17th day of this inſtant Auguſt, a likely red COW, with a white face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

‖ ABRAHAM TAYLOR.

CAME to the yard of the ſubſcriber, at the ſign of the King of Pruſſia, in Germantown, on Tueſday, the 21ſt of this inſtant Auguſt, a young milch COW. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and takes her away. † JACOB COLEMAN.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in London Britain townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 8th day of this inſtant Auguſt, a bright bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, 4 or 5 years old, paces and trots, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock with the letter M. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

‡ CHARLES BLACK.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Exeter townſhip, Berks county, on the 13th of June laſt, a bay HORSE, about 14 or 15 hands high, his mane trimmed on one ſide, paces and trots, ſhod all round, had a bell on, but no brand nor ear-mark. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

§ LEONARD LEBO.

N. B. He has been advertiſed in the Dutch news-papers.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Saturday, the 31ſt of Auguſt, at 2 o'Clock, in the afternoon, at the Houſe of Benjamin Armitage, in Briſtol Townſhip, a certain Piece, or Parcel of Land, ſituate in Briſtol Townſhip aforeſaid, containing 12 Acres; bounded by Lands of Samuel Richardſon, John Lukens, and others; late the Eſtate of James Stuart; ſeized and taken in Execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Saturday, the firſt of September next, within a ſhort mile of George-Town, Kent county, Maryland,

A VALUABLE GRIST-MILL, known by the name of Vanſant's Mill, ſituate on a fine ſtream, called Browning's Branch, with ſeveral fine rivulets that join the ſame, which compoſe a fine head of water, all ſeaſons in the year; in ſaid mill hangs two pair of excellent ſtones, and all the implements, and geers, neceſſary for a mill; together with a dwelling-houſe and kitchen, and a ſmall matter of woodland; and whereas the ſaid mill ſtands in the heart of the fineſt and beſt country for grain, in America, any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, need not fear having plenty of work throughout the year, either merchant or country work, it being ſo convenient to market. The title indiſputable, terms will be made eaſy, and conditions made known on the day of ſale, and attendance given, by ELEANOR VANSANT, Execut.

On Thurſday, the 30th inſtant, at 7 o' clock in the evening, will be SOLD, at the London Coffee-houſe,

A TWO ſtory brick houſe and lot of ground, ſituate on Fourth-ſtreet, being part of the old Alms-houſe ſquare, containing in front, on Fourth-ſtreet, 36 feet, and in depth 40 feet; the houſe is 18 feet 8 inches front, and 29 feet 4 inches deep, with a good oven in the cellar, fit for carrying on the baking buſineſs; the houſe is finiſhed to plaiſtering; ſubject to a groundrent of Nine Pounds, currency, per annum.

The houſe is mortgaged for £ 170, which may continue if it is agreeable to the purchaſer. ‡

Pennſylvania, ſs. *Philadelphia, Auguſt 13, 1770.*

THE Committee appointed by the Aſſembly of this Province to audit and ſettle the Public Accounts, hereby give Notice, that they purpoſe to meet at the State-Houſe, in this City, on the 1ſt Day of next Month (September) at 9 o' Clock in the Morning, and by Adjournment to the 10th inclufive, to proceed on the Buſineſs to them intruſted, at which Time, the County Treaſurers, Collectors of Exciſe, and others concerned, are required to give their Attendance, with their reſpective Accounts, prepared for Examination and Adjuſtment,

And as the Committee have agreed to examine and adjuſt the Provincial Treaſurer's Account on the 10th of the Month, in order that they may be enabled to prepare their Report to lay before the Houſe on the firſt Day of their next Meeting, ſuch Officers, who fail of complying with this Notice in due Time, muſt expect their Neglect will be reported to the Houſe.

To be expoſed to public SALE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Wedneſday, the 5th Day of September next, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening,

THE Dwelling-houſe, Brew-houſe, Malt-houſe, Mill-houſe, and other Appurtenances thereunto belonging, the Remainder of the real Eſtate late of GEORGE GRAY, of this City, Brewer, deceaſed, ſituate on the North Side of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, the Lot being 40 Feet front on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and extending in Depth, to Elbow-Lane, 222 Feet and an Half. Alſo three ſmall Tenements, ſituate on the North Side of Elbow-Lane, near Third-ſtreet; the Lot on which they ſtand being 32 Feet front, and 44 Feet deep. Attendance will be given at the Time of Sale, when the Conditions will be made known by the Executors, GEORGE GRAY, SAMUEL MORRIS, junior, and EDWARD DAWES. ¶

Philadelphia, July 20, 1770.

WHEREAS little or no Regard has been paid to a former Advertiſement, requeſting all Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, to diſcharge the ſame. This informs them, for the laſt Time, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame, within one Month from the Date hereof, their Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, without Reſpect to Perſons.

† RICHARD HUMPHREYS.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

By the ſubſcriber, on the 8th day of September, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in Eaſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 200 acres of land, 100 of the ſame well timbered, with a good bearing orchard, dwelling-houſe, barn, and ſpring-houſe, ſome meadow is made, and more may be made; the whole is in good repair, and may be entered on immediately. The ſale to begin at 12 o' clock on ſaid day, where attendance will be given by

† ROBERT LOCKHART.

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A VERY pleaſant ſituated lot or tract of land, for a gentleman's country ſeat, in the upper part of Germantown, having 125 feet front on the main ſtreet, in the beſt part of the town to carry on any extenſive buſineſs, tavern or ſhop, &c. &c. being between 2 and 3 acres of land; having a large 2 ſtory ſtone houſe, a ſtone kitchen, good ſtabling, and a good pump thereon, with a large and very pleaſant ſituated garden, great part thereof planted with pear, plumb, cherry, apricot, nectarine, nut and other curious fruit trees, and excellent aſſortments of flower and garden curioſities; a very fine thriving orchard of the beſt fruit; and the reſt very good graſs land. Its pleaſant ſituation will recommend itſelf, for a ſummer ſeat of pleaſure or conveniency for any buſineſs; ſeveral years time (if deſired) will be given for the payment of the greateſt part of the purchaſe money, on paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity. Alſo then to be ſold, another near adjacent piece of graſs land. The terms of ſale may be known on the premiſes, of CHRISTIAN LEHMAN; or of WILLIAM LOGAN, Eſq; at Philadelphia.

N. B. The title is indiſputable. §

*** Said *Chriſtian Lehman* alſo keeps a nurſery, and hath for ſale, the rareſt and beſt ſort of pear, plumb, apricot, cherry, nectarine, nut, and catalpa trees; alſo tulip and hyacinth roots, during the ſummer ſeaſon, &c. &c.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

The 3d day of September next, at 12 o' clock, on the premiſes,

A CERTAIN meſſuage or tenement, plantation, and tract, piece, or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 40 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Ridley, in the county of Cheſter, and on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Cheſter, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, late the eſtate of Iſrael Hendrickſon, deceaſed; there are on the premiſes, a good brick houſe, two ſtory high, two large rooms on a floor, a well of excellent water at the door, a good barn, and other out-houſes, a good bearing orchard of about 80 young trees; the above mentioned premiſes would ſuit extremely well for a ſtore or tavern, or a tradeſman, as the premiſes is not above 60 perches from Darby creek, and not exceeding 1 mile to the river Delaware, where is an excellent place for fiſhing or fowling; the land tolerable fertile. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living adjacent to the premiſes. The conditions will be made known, at the time and place of ſale, by JOHN HENDRICKSON. ¶

N. B. As there is a leaſe on ſaid premiſes, not expired till the 25th of March next, the premiſes will be ſold ſubject thereto.

To be SOLD, by

BALDWIN & GILBERT,

At their STORE, the Corner of FRONT and VINE-STREETS,

GENUINE Madeira Wine, three Years old, by the Pipe, Hogſhead, or Quarter-caſk, Weſt-India and Philadelphia Rum, Melaſſes, Muſcovado and Loaf Sugars, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Cotton, Mackrel, Briſtol and Liſbon Salt, Pork, Gammons, &c. &c. They have likewiſe on Hand, a very large Aſſortment of Red Cedar, for almoſt every Purpoſe, which that Wood is made Uſe of. *Philad. May 21, 1770.* ¶ 8W.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Joſhua Hoopes, late of Weſt-town, in the county of Cheſter, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and all who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, on or before the firſt day of the Ninth Month next, that they may be adjuſted and paid. All who have bought at the vendue of ſaid deceaſed's effects, and have not complied with the conditions of ſaid vendue, are alſo notified to comply therewith, without further notice. HANNAH HOOPES, Adminiſtrat. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Cumberland county, about four miles from Bedford (on which Colonel George Armſtrong lately lived) bounded by Dunning creek, and lands belonging to Conrad Samuels, George Sills, &c. containing 1251 acres of extraordinary good land, 15 acres of which is cleared and fenced, 12 acres of meadow cleared, and 5 or 600 more may be eaſily made; there is on the ſaid plantation, a good ſquared log houſe, 2 ſtories high, 36 feet front by 28, with 2 ſtone chimnies, the lower floor neatly partitioned into 3 ſeparate apartments, a log kitchen, a good barn, about ſeventy feet by twenty-four, with three bays, and a good threſhing floor, the buildings all new; there is, near the dwelling-houſe, a never-failing ſpring of excellent water, and, on the ſaid plantation, not far from the houſe, there is a very good mill ſeat, which may be very advantageous to the purchaſer, as there is not a mill within ſeveral miles of it. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to WILLIAM HENRY, in Philadelphia. ¶ 5s. *The*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

SUPPLEMENT to the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE. No. 2175.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

By inserting the inclosed PIECE *in your next Gazette, you will much oblige*

Your FRIEND and CUSTOMER.

My Limbs no glittering Vestments should infold,
With Gems instar'd, and stiff with woven Gold;
But the tall Ram his downy Fleece afford,
To dress, in modest Garb, his frugal Lord.

LIVINGSTONE.

IT is natural for all to think on Subjects which afford them Pleasure; these tend to relieve the Mind, at other Times engaged in Exercises more severe; for this Reason I have wished, that Men of Genius would not only employ some of their leisure Hours in that Way, for their own Amusement, but variously, as their Inclinations lead them, strive to improve the World by their Reveries. Female Genius too, might often, agreeably to themselves and Readers, pursue this Plan; their Productions would be very acceptable, and greatly add to the Entertainment; their Thoughts and Language, like their Persons, frequently exceed the Male Part of Creation in Beauty, and much nearer approach Perfection. The soft, the gentle, the engaging Talents, are in their Possession, and it would be generous to use and dispense them for the Good of both Sexes.

Our Inclinations are different as our Faces; mine have led me to the Care of Sheep; nor is it the least Circumstance which fixed me in this Kind of Life, that the Regard of Providence was to it in the first of its Institution. The beloved Abel was a *Shepherd*, and this Name is dignified, by its frequent Application even to the Almighty himself. *The Sheep were to be set on the Right-hand*, and the endearing Language of Scripture speaks of Mankind, in the most gentle Terms, by the Name of *Sheep*. The Public is certainly much interested in the fleecy Flock.----Legislatures have thought Sheep an Object worthy their Notice. The Parliament of Great-Britain have made it very penal to export them from England. The same wise Body has protected them, by declaring, the Person who maliciously kills them in the Night, shall be guilty of Felony, and forfeit to the Party grieved treble Damages; that for the stealing of a Sheep, or Lamb, the Offender shall suffer Death, without Benefit of Clergy; and every Person, who shall prosecute him to Justice, shall receive a Reward of Ten Pounds, Sterling. The Assembly of New-Jersey enacted several Laws for their Preservation, but those Laws being only temporary, are now expired. By the last Act of that Province, among other Things, a Tax of One Shilling was laid on the first Dog kept in any Family, and Two Shillings on every other; this Fund was appropriated to make good the Damages done by Dogs killing Sheep.

It is well known, that Sheep are a defenceless little Creature, that they often become a Prey to the carnivorous Jaws of the canine Race; hence to provide a Means for their Security became, and still continues, highly expedient; why a Law for so good a Purpose, should be suffered to expire, without Revival, appears a little unaccountable. Are not Sheep more valuable than Dogs? Are not Dogs the greatest Destroyers of Sheep? And is it not good Policy to encourage the Increase and Protection of the former, tho' at the Expence of the latter? Interest and Humanity both answer in the Affirmative. In this Country some Measures of this Kind are the more requisite, because Shepherds here are rare; the harmless Flock is therefore more exposed than in Europe. Few Dogs are of absolute Necessity; those who keep them barely for Pleasure, are mostly able to pay a Tax for repairing the Losses which are thus occasioned. To tax the mischievous Pleasures of Mankind, cannot be thought unjust or impolitic, tho' I should be far from discouraging any useful Diversion. Dogs are generally obliged to shift for themselves, this occasions their rambling abroad for Sustenance, and the poor helpless Flock falls a Sacrifice to their voracious Hunger, or wanton Cruelty. More Dogs should never be kept in a Community, than are really useful; a better Means of confining the Number, perhaps, cannot be devised, than imposing on them an annual Tax; it will scarcely be felt by their Owners, and the public Advantage will vastly exceed it. Shall a Cow and a Horse be taxed, and shall not a Dog, when the two former are ten Times more serviceable, and less mischievous, than the latter? If a Dog is useful, ought he not to pay a Tax, as well as a Cow or a Horse? If he is not, surely the Owner, with greater Reason, should pay for keeping a Creature, injurious in his Kind, of which he may easily rid himself.

It is true, the Tax is lately taken off Sheep, but does this make them less liable to fall a Victim to the rapacious Cur? Besides, the Amount of the Sheep-tax on a whole Flock, was trifling, to the Loss of two or three good Sheep or Lambs; yet in many Places they are sometimes worried by Dozens; and what makes the Increase of Sheep now more discouraging, the Increase of Dogs is rather countenanced, by the Discontinuance of the Tax on them, and the Fund, arising from that Tax, failing, no Recompence is to be had for the suffering Farmer. This Tax, tho' small, in some Places was sufficient to repair the Loss of Sheep by Dogs, in others not equal to one Fourth of the Damages; and since such Damages ought in Equity to be compensated, it would be difficult to point out a Method more just.

The most common Objections made to the Law, whilst in Force, were, the Smallness of the Tax, and the Trouble of collecting it; no one can deny its Utility, as far as it went, by restraining the Number of Dogs, and giving some Relief to Persons who suffered; had the Assembly continued and amended the Law, made the Tax on the first Dog at least Two Shillings and Six-pence, and on every other Five Shillings, it would much more fully have answered the good Purposes intended. It might be collected with the Support of Government, or Sinking Fund Tax, and when adventitious good Luck eased us of these, it would (thus increased) be worth collecting alone. If the Tax, when raised, was not wanted for this Use, the Repair of public Roads and Bridges, or Support of Government, might employ it beneficially to the Payer.

The Riches and Growth of these Colonies dictate, that every Encouragement should be given to the Propagation and Improvement of Sheep; they are Food and Raiment to us; indeed few Things are more profitable to the Farmer, than they might be made, if rightly attended to; and this Profit comes with less Trouble than from many other Quarters; these ought to be strong Inducements to unite Humanity and Interest in their Protection.

The Writer hopes these Hints may engage, on this important Subject, an Advocate better qualified for the Task; it is laudable to attempt, what it would be meritorious to perform. However a Person may mistake his own Abilities, if his Motives are good, and he is not ignorant of what he undertakes, though he falls short of the Point aimed at, Candour, at least, is his due; even a Failure has sometimes laid the Foundation of future Success; if Good can be done, no Matter by whom. It is the Duty of all to put in their Claim for Honour, by an upright philanthropic Conduct, but it is heroic to stand quite indifferent to the fickle Rewards of outward Applause. Let me devote myself to the Service of Virtue, for the Sake of itself, and may a Thirst after Fame never reach the sylvan Retreat, or interrupt the rural Quiet, of

AMINTOR.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, in the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

YOUR voting me on the Return for the Sheriff's Office at the last Election, demands my public Acknowledgment, and I hereby do it with much real Gratitude. This Mark of your Esteem, encourages me again to solicit your Votes and Interest at the next Election, and, if I should be so happy as to obtain your Favours, my utmost Efforts shall be exerted, to shew my further Gratitude, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in me. I am, GENTLEMEN,

Your Friend, and humble Servant,

JUDAH FOULKE.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the many Marks of Friendship and Esteem, by you conferred upon me, I again offer myself as a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, and sollicit your Votes and Interest at the ensuing Election, when, if I should be happy enough to succeed, shall think myself bound in Gratitude to exert my utmost Abilities to oblige you, and justify your Choice, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in me. I am, Gentlemen, your Friend, and humble Servant,

† WILLIAM DEWEES.

To the FREEHOLDERS, *and other* ELECTORS, *of the City and County of* PHILADELPHIA, *who have been pleased to favour me with their Votes and Interest, several Years past, for the Sheriff's Office.*

GENTLEMEN,

SEVERAL Matters, unexpected, having lately intervened, I take this Method (after sincerely and most gratefully thanking you for all past Favours) to acquaint you, that I shall decline standing a Candidate for that Office at the ensuing Election. I am, and shall continue to be,

GENTLEMEN, *Your most obedient Servant,*

¶ JOHN BULL.

To the FREEHOLDERS *and* ELECTORS *of Northampton county.*

GENTLEMEN,

IT is with the highest sense of gratitude, I take this method of returning you my sincere acknowledgment for the honour you have done me, in unanimously choosing me your representative for a number of years past. I shall ever retain the most grateful remembrance of it, and it is now with regret I am obliged to inform you, that the situation of my private affairs will not permit me to serve you, in that station, any longer; I therefore request you will please to choose some other person for your representative, at the ensuing election, which will be doing me as great a favour now, as your first choice of me to th at important trust did me honour then. I am, with my best wishes for the prosperity of Northampton county, Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble servant,

§ 6 *W.* GEORGE TAYLOR.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, for the county of LANCASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING for some years past had the success, by your favour, to be placed upon the return with the present Sheriff, whose time is almost expired; and being encouraged from my former success, I do again intend to offer myself a candidate for the Sheriff's office: Therefore, a continuance of your votes and interest for the same, at the ensuing election, shall ever be gratefully acknowledged by, *Gentlemen,*

Your humble servant, FREDERICK STONE.

Whereas it has been represented to many of the freeholders, and other electors, for the county of Lancaster, that *Frederick Stone*, who, for several years past, has been a candidate for the Sheriff's office, would be unable to procure the security that would be required of him, for the faithful execution of his office, in case he should be elected Sheriff for the said county, which representation has prevented a number of the electors of this county from giving him their votes and interest; wherefore, in order to remove such objection, we, the subscribers, do, in this public manner, declare and promise, that if the said *Frederick Stone* should have the success to be elected to the Sheriff's office for this county, we will become his security, as by law is required.

LUDWICK STONE,

Lancaster, July 28, 1770. § PHILIP DIETRICK.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, of the Borough and County of LANCASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

THE Encouragement I have received from many of the reputable Freeholders, and other Electors of this Borough and County, induces me to offer myself a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the ensuing Election: Therefore, I take this public Method to request your Votes and Interest for that Purpose; and to assure you, should I be so fortunate as to be one of those presented by you to his Honour the Governor for his Choice, and should be favoured with that Choice, that, as it will be my Duty, so it shall be my chief Endeavour, to discharge the Office with Fidelity and Credit, and hope I shall be able to demonstrate, as well to his Honour, as the Borough and County, a Conduct worthy of the Trust reposed in their much obliged, and very humble Servant,

¶ SAMUEL ATLEE.

Philadelphia, August 23, 1770.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 7th of September next, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-house,

SUNDRY LOTS of GROUND, part of the old Alms-house square, bounded on Pine, Union, and Spruce-streets; a plan of which is to be seen at the Coffee-house, and at JACOB SHOEMAKER, junior's.

WHEREAS SAMUEL MORRIS, CHARLES JOLLY, and CHARLES BATHO, were appointed by the Court, to settle and adjust the Accounts of JOHN COPLAND; all those, who have any Demands against the said John Copland, are desired to meet the Auditors, at the House of the Widow FITZSIMMONS, in Worcester Township, on the 31st Instant, at 10 o' Clock in the Morning. ¶ *August* 10, 1770.

Head of Wye River, in Talbot County, August 13, 1770.

RUN away from the subscriber, on Monday, the 30th of July, an Irish servant man, called THOMAS AGNEW, a weaver by trade, about 30 years of age, of a pale complexion, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on, when he went away, a coarse tow linen shirt, and trowsers, much worn, an old grey jacket, much worn, with cuffs on the sleeves; he has exceeding bad sore legs, ulcerated and swelled, two sores on the left leg; he has very little hair on his head, and is very much bald, it is thought he has a wig on, and a hat; he is a subtle fellow, was born in the west of Ireland, and brags much of his trade. Whoever brings back said servant to his master, or secures him so as he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by.

¶ FRANCIS HUMPHREYS.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 9th of this instant August, from the subscriber, in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, GEORGE OWEN, by trade a joiner, born in England, and very remarkably built, about 4 feet 8 or 10 inches high, has straight brown hair, grey eyes, a wen on the top of his head, which is bald, about 30 years of age, he is very fretful and soon displeased; took with him, a half blooded bay mare, trots and runs well, 1 hand saw, 1 tenant saw, 1 sash ditto, and a setts of brass furniture for drawers, also 2 silver china faced watches, a brown broadcloth coat, 1 allopeen ditto, a blue broadcloth jacket, without sleeves, 1 nankeen ditto, and leather breeches. Whoever takes up said runaway, and brings him back, in order to fulfil his engagements by indenture to the subscriber, and to be brought to condign punishment, for fraudulently taking several things out of the neighbourhood, shall receive Five Pounds for the man, Three Pounds for the mare, and Forty Shillings for the watch. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

¶ SAMUEL SWIFT.

IF WILLIAM BALSTER, Bleacher of Linen, lately from England, will call on REUBEN HAINES, he will hear of something to his Advantage. ¶

Baltimore county, Maryland, August 20, 1770.

RAN away, on the 15th instant, from the subscribers, living in Carroll's manor, on the Forks of Gunpowder, two English convict servant men; one named JOHN JARVIS, but may change his name, 24 years of age, about 5 feet 6 and an half inches high, pale complexion, grey eyed, short black hair; had on, and took with him, when he went away, two very good hats, a new brown fly coat, red and white striped jacket, black thickset breeches, two pair of white thread stockings, pretty good English shoes, with brass buckles, blue pea-jacket, two shorts, one dowlas the other holland, very much worn, oznenbrigs trowsers, and three silk handkerchiefs; has got a pass, by forging Mr. Plowman's hand writing to it, and it is imagined he will go by the name of Thomas Kees, and has money pretty plenty. The other named WILLIAM BARKER, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, a lusty man, short brown hair, brown complexion, very much pitted with the small-pox; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, old lightish coloured coat, patched with cotton patches, with broad white metal buttons, short cotton jacket, without sleeves, coarse shirt and trowsers, old shoes, with brass buckles; but it is likely he may wear some of the clothes the other took with him, as they are both gone together. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them, so that their masters may have them again, shall have, if taken within said county, TWENTY SHILLINGS *for each, besides what the law allows; and if taken out of the county,* THIRTY SHILLINGS *for each, besides what the law allows, paid by PETER BUTLER, and EDWARD BOSMAN.*

N. B. It is possible they may both forge passes.----The person or persons that takes up said servants, are requested to notify it in the Pennsylvania Chronicle. ¶ 7 *s* 6.

RUN away, on the 30th of July, 1769, from the subscriber, living in Carroll's manor, Baltimore county, Maryland, a convict servant man, born in Yorkshire, in England, and speaks much upon that dialect, named Amburst Clemmisson, but since has changed it to George Bell, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a fair complexion, sandy hair; had on, when he went away, a brown coat, with wrought brass buttons, a red jacket, without sleeves, and a pair of home made trowsers. He went away with another servant, but that other servant was since taken up at Philadelphia, and gives an account, that the said Amburst was taken up at Stoney-creek, over the Allegany Mountains, about September last, by three men, and the subscriber has not heard of him since. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him to his master, shall receive TEN POUNDS, Pennsylvania currency, and reasonable charges, paid by me. EDWARD BOSMAN. ¶ 7 *s* 6.

PHILADELPHIA RACES.

On Thursday, the 11th Day of October, will be RUN for, over the CENTER COURSE, the JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of

ONE HUNDRED POUNDS,

FREE for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying Weight for Age, the best of three Four Mile Heats; 4 Years old to carry 7 Stone 7 Pounds; 5 Years old, 8 Stone 4 Pounds; 6 Years old, 9 Stone; and Aged, 9 Stone 7 Pounds. Horses 10 Years old, or upwards, shall be allowed 7 Pounds.

On Friday, the Twelfth, the CITY PLATE of FIFTY POUNDS, free for 3 Years old and 4 Years old only; 3 Years old to carry 7 Stone; 4 Years old, 8 Stone: The best of Two Mile Heats.

The Horses to be entered with JACOB HILTZHEIMER, the Saturday before they start, paying Five Pounds Entrance for the Jockey Club Purse, and Fifty Shillings for the City Plate. When the Horses are entered, proper Certificates of their Ages are to be delivered in.

All Disputes which may arise, will be determined by Judges appointed for that Purpose. 6 *W.*

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in the Manor of Moreland, in the county of Philadelphia, on the 9th of this instant August, a large brown MARE, 10 or 12 years old, near 15 hands high, trots and paces. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶ JOHN SWIFT.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 10th day of July instant, from the subscribers, living in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, near the Horse Head, two convict servant men, viz. JOHN ROSS, a tall slim fellow, about 6 feet 4 inches high, very much pock-marked, he has a cast with his left eye, very red short hair; had on, when he went away, a tow linen shirt and trowsers, an old red coat, with the skirts cut off, and sleeves taken off, the buttons have number 12 on every one of them; but it is expected he will change his clothes, as his companion has stole some of his master's; the above servant belongs to Wm. Brown. The other, belonging to William Jones, named THOMAS COLLERD, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; had on, when he went away, a tow linen shirt and trowsers, a good felt hat, a striped jacket, with the stripes round the body, and a pair of blue and white striped trowsers. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them, so that their masters may have them again, shall have Three Pounds reward for *Ross*, and Forty Shillings for *Collerd*, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM BROWN, and WILLIAM JONES. §

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, on Tuesday, the 10th of July, an English convict servant man, named William Blake, a shoemaker by trade; had on, and took with him, a brown fustian fly coat, ozenbrigs shirt, check shirt, and one country homespun ditto, light coloured kersey breeches, white thread stockings, black grained pumps, and an old felt hat; he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, about 40 years of age, has grey hair, speaks thick and fast, and very often gets drunk; he has taken some of his tools with him. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that the owner may have him again, shall have the above reward, if out of the province of Maryland; if out of the county, Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by PETER HUNTER, living in Baltimore county, in the Forks of Gunpowder, in the Long-green. ¶

THOMAS CROW,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER, at the DIAL in WILMINGTON,

TAKES this Method to inform the Public, that he has removed his Shop to Market-street, opposite to William Marshall's Tavern; where he makes gold and silver Watches, which he will warrant to be good; those who will please to favour him with their Custom, will greatly oblige their most obedient, THOMAS CROW.

N. B. He also makes musical, Chamber, and plain Clocks, at reasonable Rates. §

The Subscriber begs Leave to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT he is now settled at ROCK-HALL, in Kent County, in the Province of Maryland, in the House lately kept by Abraham Ayres.----He has as good Boats and Hands as any belonging to the Bay, and carries Passengers, Horses, Carriages, &c. from said Place, to and from ANNAPOLIS and BALTIMORE-TOWN.----The said House is already much improved in Point of Appearance, and a large Addition is now making to it, and will be compleated by the Fall, which will add much to its Convenience for public Entertainment, and as he is determined to keep a good House in every Respect, and his Boats in the best Order, he humbly requests the Countenance of those Gentlemen travelling to and from the Northward, that choose to cross the Bay at ROCK-HALL, and they may depend on being treated with the greatest good Manners, and served with the utmost Dispatch, by their humble Servant,

¶ 8 W. BAZIL WHEELER.

To be SOLD, or RENTED,

A VALUABLE plantation, situate in Sadſbury township, Chester county, on the Gap road, 40 miles from Philadelphia, and 12 miles above the Sign of the Ship, on Lancaſter road; it is probable the new provincial road, now laying out from Philadelphia to Saſquehanna river, will paſs near ſaid place; it contains 173 acres of good land, about one half cleared, and the other well timbered, ſome meadow made, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made; there are on the premiſes, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn, and ſpring-houſe in good repair, a good bearing orchard, &c. There has been a tavern kept on the premiſes for ſeveral years, and it is a very ſuitable place for that or any other public buſineſs; would ſuit a tradeſman, ſuch as a ſmith, a wheelwright, &c. extraordinary well. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to John Cooper, near the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, in the township of Williſtown, in ſaid county, 21 miles from Philadelphia, and one mile from Lancaſter road.

JOHN BOGGS.

¶

A NAILOR's time to be diſpoſed of, has two years and two months to ſerve, a good workman. Enquire of WILLIAM PEARSON, in KENSINGTON.

Said William Pearſon has a ſmall three ſtory brick houſe to lett, a fire-place in the cellar, pleaſantly ſituate on an alley, 25 feet wide, the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Sixth and Seventh-ſtreets, and near to the dwelling-houſe of John Lukens, ſurveyor. The tenant may likewiſe have two 2 ſtory brick tenements, adjoining the above, that may ſerve, with a ſmall alteration, for dining room, nurſery or kitcken. Enquire of ſaid William Pearſon, or James Pearſon, in Market-ſtreet, near the premiſes. ¶ 5 *W.*

WHEREAS JOHN ROACH, who for ſome time paſt kept ſchool in the Northern Liberties, near the Falls of Schuylkill, on the 28th of July laſt abſented himſelf from the ſaid ſchool; and whereas there is good reaſon to think he is run away, without making ſatisfaction to his creditors and employers; he is of a very ſwarthy complexion, with black hair, between 30 and 40 years of age, and about 5 feet 7 inches high, round ſhouldered, and wears a blue coat, with a jacket, the fore parts black, and hind parts red, and a new pair of ſhoes. Whoever takes up the ſaid John Roach, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN RUDOLPH COLLER. §

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 29th of July, 1770, from the ſubſcriber, of Lower Penn's Neck, Salem county, and Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, an Iriſh ſervant man, named William Karragan, about 21 years of age, has rediſh hair, and is of a ſandy complexion; he is marked with the ſmall-pox, a well made fellow, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, ſtoop-ſhouldered, by trade a ſmith, ſpeaks on the brogue; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, the fore parts of it whitiſh broadcloth, and the back parts fuſtian, of the ſame colour, an old patched tow ſhirt, and narrow tow trowſers; he went away barefooted. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ANDREW M'CALLAM.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. ¶

July 8, 1770.

CAME to plantation of CHRISTIAN PUSS, in Haycock townſhip, Bucks county, a browniſh black MARE, about 14 hands high, and has a lump on her near hind leg, between the fetlock and ham. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

RUN away on Sunday night, the 5th of this inſt. Auguſt, from the ſubſcribers, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, two ſervant men, viz. DANIEL HERKINS, an Iriſhman, but ſpeaks good Engliſh, about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, very luſty and fat, wears his own ſhort dark coloured hair; had on a check ſhirt, and this country linen trowſers, a country made hat, about half worn, and very greaſy, good ſhoes, and buckles. The other, named WILLIAM REDFORD, an Engliſhman, about the ſame age of Herkins, near 5 feet 7 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, a good deal pitted with the ſmall-pox, wears his own ſhort yellow hair, is a brazen looking fellow, and a ſhoemaker by trade; had on, and took with him, two pair of ozenbrigs trowſers, and two ſhirts of the ſame, a new felt hat, black ſilk handkerchief, country made ſhoes, and good buckles. It is ſuppoſed he took ſeveral ruffled ſhirts with him alſo. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them, ſo that their maſters may get them again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, or Fifty Shillings for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by ABRAHAM WHITAKER, and JACOB WHEELER.

N. B. Said *Herkins* is a ſhip-carpenter, and lately indentured himſelf a ſervant for 4 years in the city of Philadelphia. ‡

Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, Auguſt 7, 1770.

WHEREAS MARY, the wife of HENRY MILLER, is gone from her ſaid huſband, and will not live with him for want of love, and no other reaſon, therefore he thinks proper to forewarn all perſons not to truſt or lend her any thing on his account, for he will not pay any thing on her account from this day; as witneſs my hand, the day and year aforeſaid. † HENRY MILLER.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living in Montgomery Townſhip, Philadelphia County,

A LIKELY healthy NEGROE Man, 25 Years old; he is well acquainted with Plantation Buſineſs, underſtands driving Horſes, as he hath drove a Carriage ſome Time, and waited on a Gentleman. For further Particulars, enquire of EDWARD BARTHOLOMEW. *Aug.* 10, 1770. §

Cæcil county, Maryland, July 23, 1770.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living near the head of Bohemia, two ſervants; one an Iriſhman, born in Cork, aged about 25 years, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; had on, when he went away, a red and white ſpotted ſwanſkin jacket, an old homeſpun ſhirt, coarſe tow trowſers, and a half worn felt hat; has ſhort light brown hair, and a ſmall blemiſh in one of his eyes. The other a Negroe man, about 38 or 39 years of age, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, near 6 feet high; had on, a light cloth jacket, much worn, a coarſe homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, and a half worn felt hat; they had neither ſhoes nor ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, or Twenty Shillings for each, paid by me

WILLIAM WEATHERS.

Baltimore Town, Maryland, Auguſt 7, 1770.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Baltimore Town, on the 5th inſtant, at night, an Iriſh ſervant man, named DENNIS ROYNANE, middle ſize, full face, ruddy complexion, thick lips, marked with the ſmall-pox, and ſpeaks much in the Iriſh dialect: Had on, and took with him, a blue ſailor jacket, old hat, a ſhort cut wig, one check, and one ozenbrigs ſhirt, ozenbrigs trowſers, ſhoes and ſtockings, and ſome other clothes, not known. It is likely he will pretend to paſs for a ſailor. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS *reward, and if brought home* FIVE POUNDS, *including what the law allows, paid by* MARK ALEXANDER. ¶ 7W.

ON the 30th of July laſt, was ſtolen from William Patterſon, near Chriſtiana Bridge, New-Caſtle County, a middle ſized, well made horſe, of a dark bay colour, about 9 years old, in very good order; he is a natural pacer, with a long ſwitch tail, a hanging mane, ſhod before, and ſome white hairs on his neck. It is fully believed that the ſaid horſe was ſtolen by a ſervant lad, named ROBERT M'DERMED, belonging to Mr. James Partrige, living at the aforeſaid place; he, ſaid ſervant, being ſeen (in company with another man) to have ſaid horſe in his cuſtody. As a conſiderable quantity of clothes were ſtolen at the time the aforeſaid M'Dermed ran away, his apparel cannot fully be deſcribed, but was ſeen to have on a bluiſh dark out-ſide coat, with a ſtriped jacket, bluiſh breeches, and blue ribbed ſtockings. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo that I may have him again, ſhall receive *Forty Shillings* reward; alſo *Forty Shillings* for the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, paid by WILLIAM PATTERSON.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed that the above M'Dermed intended to croſs Saſquehannah, near Peach Bottom. ¶

WANTED, as an Apprentice to the WATCH and CLOCK-MAKER's Buſineſs, A ſmart active BOY, where he will have an Opportunity of learning to make up new WATCHES, in as compleat a Manner as practiced in LONDON and DUBLIN, in its various Branches. Enquire of the PRINTERS. †

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the Houſe of George Ingram, near the Barracks, on Friday Night, the 10th Inſtant, a Feather Bed, with a brown ſtriped Tick, a Bolſter, with a blue ſtriped Tick, and two Sheets, by a Perſon who called himſelf William Arthur, a Blackſmith by Trade; wore a light coloured Cloth Jacket, a white Shirt, and Buckſkin Breeches; and had with him, a Snuff-coloured Cotton Velvet Jacket, with a Piece cut out of the hind Skirt, and mended in the fore Part. He is of a fair Complexion, ſhort and well made, has loſt one of his upper fore Teeth, and is about 40 Years of Age. Said Arthur came to ſaid George Ingram that Evening, and wanted Lodging, which he got, and the next Morning, the Bed, Bolſter, and two Sheets were ſtole, and carried off by him, he having no other Way to get them, or himſelf out, than through a one Story Window. Whoever will bring or ſend Intelligence of the Bed, Bolſter, and Sheets, ſo that the Owner may have them again, and ſecures the ſaid William Arthur, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have the above Reward, paid by

GEORGE INGRAM.

*** THREE DOLLARS Reward for the Bed, Bolſter, and Sheets, without the Man. ‡

WHEREAS William Lawler, by many falſe and ſpecious Pretences, prevailed on me to enter into Wedlock, merely, as I now find, to poſſeſs about £ 50 I had acquired by my Induſtry, which he ſoon deprived me of, and every other Thing tending to my Support; and was not even ſatisfied with that, but moſt cruelly beat and abuſed me, and uſed every Method to make me deſpicable among my Friends and Acquaintance, all without any juſt Cauſe of Complaint; this I publiſh to make him notorious, and advertiſe the Public what a Villain he has been to me. Given under my Hand this 10th of Auguſt, 1770. ELIZABETH LAWLER, *alias* CALFREY.

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER, at the Corner of Front and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, has for Sale,

A PARCEL of neat Philadelphia made WATCHES, warranted good, and at as low a Price as imported Watches of equal Quality can be afforded. Any Gentleman, or Lady, inclining to encourage this Manufacture, may be ſuited to their Fancy, at a ſhort Notice, by their humble Servant,

§ 13 W. JOHN WOOD.

SAMUEL GARRIGUES, junior,

Has for SALE, wholeſale and retail, at his GROCERY-WAREHOUSE in Second-ſtreet, the 2d door from the corner of Walnut-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite Duffield & Delany, Druggiſts,

HYSON, green and bohea tea, coffee, loaf, lump and Muſcovado ſugar, old Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India rum, old Madeira and Liſbon wine, coniac brandy, cherry rum, geneva, fontiniac, claret, pepper, alſpice, race and ground ginger, cinnamon, cloves and mace, muſtard, and chocolate, allom, brimſtone, ſaltpetre, new rice, raiſins, currants, beſt Florence oil, in flaſks, ſtarch, corks, vinegar, powder, and ſhot, &c. Likewiſe a neat aſſortment of iron caſtings, conſiſting of pots, kettles, ſkillets, and cart boxes. Maſters of veſſels, and others, may be ſupplied with ſea ſtores at the loweſt rates. §

JOHN EGAN, Taylor, having rented the houſe in Arch-ſtreet, where Mr. JOSEPH HOLLIDAY lived, takes this method to inform the Public, and his former Cuſtomers in particular, that he being greatly encouraged by many gentlemen of the firſt rank in the city, purpoſes carrying on his buſineſs now in the moſt extenſive manner in its ſeveral branches, to ſuit both gentlemen and ladies; and as he has hitherto had the pleaſure to give ſatisfaction to his employers, doubts not of his ſtill being able to do it, without putting them to the trouble of trying on their clothes, he being known to be a proficient in cutting out, and hopes for a continuance of their kind favours. Thoſe who pleaſe to entruſt him with their buſineſs, may depend on being ſerved in every reſpect to the utmoſt of his power to give ſatisfaction, and will be waited upon on the ſhorteſt notice, by their humble ſervant, JOHN EGAN. ¶

JOHN LEONARD ZEMSCH, a ſon of William Frederick Zemſch, citizen and maſter needle-maker, of the imperial city of Rotenburg, on the river Tauber, in the circle of Franconia, going abroad the third time in the capacity of a journeyman needle-maker, in 1752, ſailed with his relation, Mr. Jung, maſter needle-maker of Durlach (the reſidence of the Margrave of Baden-Durlach) and his family, in a ſhip of Meſſieurs Stedman, for New-England, and landed at Philadelphia, where the veſſel was conſigned to Benjamin Shoemaker, Eſq; but the ſaid Leonard Zemſch being unable to pay his paſſage, and other charges, was ſold to a miller, who was either named Iriſh, or an Iriſhman. Since his departure, his friends and relations, notwithſtanding all former enquiry, have not been able to obtain any certain intelligence of his life or death; wherefore, all perſons who have any knowledge of him, are hereby inſtantly requeſted to communicate ſuch intelligence of his life or death as may be depended on, being conformable to the laws of the country, and atteſted by authority.

N. B. The above advertiſement, and a recommendatory letter, ſealed with the city-ſeal, both in the German language, were, by the mayor and regency of Rotenburg, ſent to the reverend Mr. Muhlenberg, ſenior, miniſter of the Lutheran congregation, at Philadelphia; to whom alſo the intelligence concerning John Leonard Zemſch's life or death, may be ſent. ¶

July 30, 1770.

STOLEN out of the Paſture of the Subſcriber, living in Mill-Creek Hundred, in the County of New-Caſtle, on Friday Night laſt, the 27th of this Inſtant, a Cheſtnut coloured ſorrel Mare, Ten Years old, about Fifteen Hands high, a natural Pacer, had a long ſwitch Tail, ſhod all round, has a Star in her Forehead, and a white Stripe down her Face, over the Noſtril, on the near Side. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the Owner may have her again, and the Thief brought to Juſtice, ſhall have THREE POUNDS *Reward, or* THIRTY SHILLINGS *for the Mare only, and reaſonable Charges, paid by*

† SAMUEL LYLE.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, ſituate in Lebanon, in the county of Hunterdon, in Weſt-Jerſey; containing 615 acres; there is a good griſt-mill and ſaw-mill erected thereon; the griſt-mill is large, and well built; has two pair of ſtones; the boulting reels, and hoiſtings, go by water; there is a good frame dwelling-houſe, with four rooms on the lower floor; it is a convenient place for a ſtore, being a good wheat country, and thick ſettled; there is a large barn and hay-houſe, a large quantity of good watered meadow, and more may be made at a ſmall expence; upwards of 100 acres of cleared plow land, and a young orchard on the premiſes. The ſaid tract of land may be divided into two plantations, and leave a ſufficient quantity of land and meadow to accommodate the mill; it will be ſold in parts, or all together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part thereof, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Bucks county, near the Falls Ferry; or to David M'Kenny, on the premiſes, may be informed reſpecting the title, and terms of ſale. MAHLON KIRKBRIDE. ‖ 6 W.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGROE MAN, by Trade a Sail-maker. Likewiſe a WENCH, about 20 Years of Age, with her Child 14 Months old. For further Particulars, Enquire of CHARLES JENKINS, in Almond-ſtreet, Philadelphia. §

Philadelphia, Auguſt 7, 1770.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN SHOTT, late of this City, Painter, who unhappily loſt his Life in a Diſpute, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to the diſconſolate Widow, who is in narrow Circumſtances: And all thoſe that have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are alſo deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be ſettled by BARBARA SHOTT, Executrix.

N. B. Said *Barbara Shott* has a Kitchen, to be ſold or lett, ſituate in Third-ſtreet, near the Barracks. †

Philadelphia, Auguſt 11, 1770.

HENRY DEABAREAR, *Gunſmith*,

IS removed from Second-ſtreet into Market-ſtreet, next door but one to the Sign of the Black Bear; where he follows the Gunſmith's trade, in all its branches, as uſual; any gentlemen or others, who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may be ſure of having their work done in the neateſt manner, and with the greateſt diſpatch; alſo to be ſold, made by him, ſpring lancets, cupping, and tooth-drawing inſtruments. He likewiſe has all ſorts of piſtols for ſale. ¶

CAME to the plantation of Nicholas Larzelere, near the Wheat Sheaf, in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Saturday, the 4th of this inſtant Auguſt, a large brown MARE; the owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. NICHOLAS LARZELERE. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land in Loudoun County, about five Miles from Leeſburg, on the main Road that leads from Penſylvania to Carolina, containing 429 Acres, whereon is a good Dwelling-houſe, 18 by 26, two Rooms, a Stone Chimney, with a Fire-place, in each Room, and a Cellar the Bigneſs of the Houſe, walled with Stone; a good Kitchen, with a Stone Chimney, and Oven through the Back; a Meat-houſe, Dairy, Corn-houſe, and Negroe Quarter; an extraordinary good Barn, 54 by 24, with a Threſhing-floor 24 Feet ſquare; there are about 100 Acres of Land cleared, all freſh and good, 8 Acres of Meadow made, and convenient Places for making much more. Alſo a Lot in Leeſburg, with a Brick Houſe, two Stories high, and all Conveniences for keeping a Tavern, in the moſt public Part of the Town, with about 8 Acres of Meadow adjoining the Town, all which is watered by a very conſtant Stream running through it, already ditched. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber, living on the ſaid Lot in Leeſburg. Time will be given for Payment. I have alſo for Sale about 1500 Acres of unimproved Land, on very reaſonable Terms. § 3 M. CRAVEN PEYTON.

Philadelphia, July 19, 1770.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of George Hitner, late of this City, deceaſed, are deſired to come and ſettle the ſame with the Subſcriber, within four Weeks from the Date hereof, or they will be proceeded againſt as the Law directs, without reſpect of Perſons: And all Perſons having any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts proved, within four Weeks from the above Date.

h JACOB LEWIS.

TO BE SOLD BY

MARY TREPULET, in *Market-ſtreet*, near the Market-houſe, *Baltimore-Town, Maryland*, CAROLINA BEND, and all other Sorts of LEATHER, very cheap. †

TO BE SOLD,

(During the SUBSCRIBER's Life only)

A CERTAIN lot or piece of ground, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Second-ſtreet, 102 feet, and extending from thence to Third-ſtreet 495 feet, ſtill continuing the ſame breadth; bounded on the eaſt by Second-ſtreet aforeſaid, on the weſt by ſaid Third-ſtreet, on the ſouth by a lot formerly Joſeph Growdon's, and on the north by Philip Ford's lot. The above piece of ground is oppoſite the New Market. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, is deſired to apply for further information to the ſubſcriber, near the Swedes church, in Wicacoa. MARY GREEN. ‖

WAS publiſhed in Philadelphia, July 25, 1770, and to be ſold by WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, in Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Macpherſon's Letters, or, *The Pennſylvania Farmer Detected.* ¶

JOSHUA HOWELL has for SALE,

Choice Old MADEIRA WINE,

IMPORTED before the ACTS took Place, impoſing the DUTY. †

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on Monday, the 26th of June, from the ſubſcriber, living in New-Caſtle, an Iriſh ſervant man, called John Teernan, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, is marked with the ſmall-pox, has black hair, tied behind, and talks much with the brogue; had on, and took with him, a light coloured nap coat, with Pinchbeck buttons, inlaid with ſteel, two ſtriped ſilk damaſcus jackets, Ruſſia drilling breeches, good ſhoes and ſtockings, ſilver ſhoe and knee buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

† *ROBERT MACK.*

N. B. He took with him an old dun coloured horſe, with ſaddle and bridle; he alſo had ſeveral advertiſements with him, and may pretend to be going after runaways. All maſters of veſſels are forbid taking him off at their peril.

WANTED,

A Sober induſtrious Family, to go *immediately* to Wilmington, in North-Carolina, to carry on the Buſineſs of STOCKING-WEAVING; to take with them two Looms, and ſome Yarn; they may be aſſured of having the greateſt Encouragement, and conſtant Employ. For further Information, apply to JOHN MURGATROYD. ‡